

SOUTH AFRICAN SORGHUM CROP

Quality Report
2020/2021
Season





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SOUTH AFRICAN

Commercial sorghum quality for the
2020/2021 Season



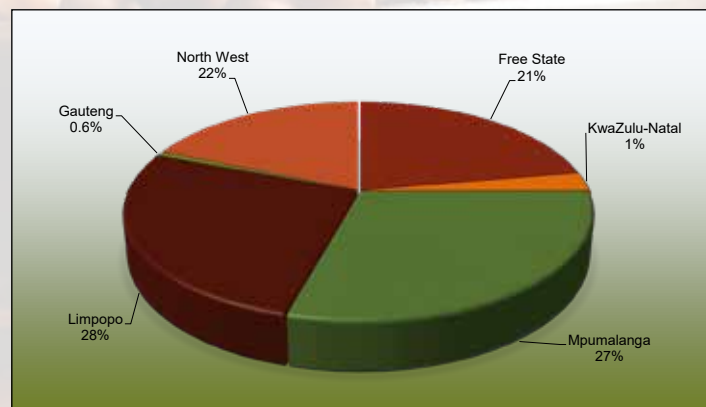
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- The Sorghum Trust for its financial support in conducting this survey.
- Agbiz Grain and its members for their cooperation in providing the samples to make this survey possible.
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- South African Grain Information Service (SAGIS) for providing supply and demand figures relating to sorghum.
- The Bureau for Food and Agricultural Policy (BFAP) for providing research-based market analysis.

INTRODUCTION

The final commercial sorghum crop figure of the 2020/21 production season as overseen by the National Crop Estimates Liaison Committee (CELC) is 215 000 tons. This figure represents a year on year increase of 36% (57 000 tons) and the largest crop of the last seven seasons. Limpopo, the major sorghum producing province this season, contributed 28% of the total crop, followed closely by Mpumalanga with a contribution of 27%. The national yield increased by 17%, from 3.72 t/ha in the 2019/20 season to 4.37 t/ha.

Graph 1: Provincial contribution to the production of the 2020/21 sorghum crop



Figures provided by the CEC.

During the harvesting season, a representative sample of each delivery of sorghum at the various grain intake points, was taken according to the prescribed grading regulations. The sampling procedure for the samples used in this survey is described on page 31. Forty-one (41) composite sorghum samples, representing the different production regions, were analysed for quality.

The samples were graded and test weight and thousand kernel mass determined. Sub-samples were milled and analysed for moisture, crude protein and starch content. After sieving and dehulling by means of a Barley pearler, the fraction of the sample above the 1.8 mm slotted sieve were milled and Hunter Lab colour analyses conducted. Multi-mycotoxin analyses as well as Image analyses (kernel size distribution, length, width, relative roundness and volume to surface ratio on the whole kernels) were also performed on these samples.

This is the fourth annual sorghum crop quality survey performed by The Southern African Grain Laboratory NPC (SAGL). SAGL was established in 1997 on request of the Grain Industry. SAGL is an ISO 17025 accredited testing laboratory and participates in various proficiency testing schemes, both nationally and internationally, as part of our ongoing quality assurance procedures to demonstrate technical competency and international comparability.

The goal of this crop quality survey is the compilation of a detailed database, accumulating quality data collected over several seasons on the national commercial sorghum crop. The data reveal general tendencies and highlight quality differences in the commercial sorghum produced in different local production regions. A detailed database containing reliable analytical data collected over several seasons, is essential in enabling industry to comment on proposed legislative levels and to supply reliable data for targeted research projects.

In addition to the quality information, production figures (obtained from the Crop Estimates Committee (CEC)) relating to hectares planted, tons produced and yields obtained on a national as well as provincial basis, over an eleven season period, are provided in this report. SAGIS (South African Grain Information Service) supply and demand information is provided in table and graph format. Import and export figures over several seasons are also included.

The national sorghum grading regulations as published in the Government Gazette of 8 January 2016 are provided as the last section of the report.

PRODUCTION

Sorghum is a tropical grass grown primarily in semi-arid regions of the world. Sorghum can grow in areas too dry for maize and is deemed to be the fifth most important grain crop grown in the world (after maize, wheat, rice and barley).

World sorghum production for the 2021/22 season to date, stands at 65.6 million tons with the United States being the largest contributor (11.4 million tons). Please see Table 1a for the world sorghum trade (import and export figures) as well as production and consumption figures in Table 1b.

Table 1a: World Sorghum Trade						
October/September Trade Year, Thousand Metric Tons						
	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22 Feb	2021/22 Mar
Exports						
Argentina	473	254	426	1 973	2 600	2 600
Australia	449	91	102	1 209	1 400	1 600
Bolivia	21	18	8	29	50	50
Ethiopia	75	75	75	50	50	50
India	123	53	31	56	50	50
Kenya	136	53	31	80	100	100
Ukraine	123	93	145	59	75	65
Others	310	286	163	149	213	213
Subtotal	1 710	923	981	3 605	4 538	4 728
United States	4 839	2 410	5 404	7 052	8 000	8 000
World Total	6 549	3 333	6 385	10 657	12 538	12 728
Imports						
Chile	49	73	36	26	70	70
China	4 436	652	3 709	8 669	10 300	10 500
Eritrea	30	60	35	60	70	70
Ethiopia	6	6	61	5	50	50
Japan	577	449	426	299	320	320
Kenya	141	109	52	181	200	200
Mexico	98	546	567	133	200	200
Somalia	80	85	80	50	50	50
South Sudan	148	26	81	71	100	100
Sudan	150	160	150	88	80	80
Others	992	1 079	429	355	430	430
Subtotal	6 707	3 245	5 626	9 937	11 870	12 070
Unaccounted	- 209	87	758	719	667	657
United States	51	1	1	1	1	1
World Total	6 549	3 333	6 385	10 657	12 538	12 728

Table 1b: World Sorghum Production and Consumption						
Local Marketing Years, Thousand Metric Tons						
	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22 Feb	2021/22 Mar
Production						
Argentina	3 000	2 500	2 500	3 320	3 750	3 750
Australia	1 257	1 160	397	1 500	2 000	2 300
Bolivia	1 023	949	1 019	1 100	1 100	1 100
Brazil	2 136	2 177	2 498	2 732	2 700	2 700
Burkina Faso	1 366	1 930	1 872	1 840	2 150	2 150
Cameroon	1 190	1 200	1 217	1 200	1 200	1 200
China	2 465	2 909	3 137	2 970	3 000	3 000
Ethiopia	5 164	5 024	5 266	4 517	5 200	5 200
European Union	660	781	1 012	1 102	1 035	1 015
India	4 803	3 480	4 772	4 800	4 400	4 400
Mali	1 423	1 470	1 511	1 801	1 500	1 500
Mexico	4 545	4 700	4 328	4 348	4 700	4 700
Niger	1 945	2 100	1 897	1 922	1 900	1 900
Nigeria	6 939	6 721	6 665	6 570	6 800	6 800
Sudan	3 743	5 435	3 714	5 150	5 000	5 000
Others	7 129	7 634	7 457	7 614	7 498	7 508
Subtotal	48 788	50 170	49 262	52 486	53 933	54 223
United States	9 192	9 271	8 673	9 474	11 375	11 375
World Total	57 980	59 441	57 935	61 960	65 308	65 598
Total Consumption						
Argentina	3 100	2 150	2 050	1 150	1 400	1 400
Bolivia	920	980	980	1 050	1 050	1 050
Brazil	2 100	2 200	2 400	2 700	2 700	2 700
Burkina Faso	1 400	1 800	1 870	1 900	2 100	2 100
Cameroon	1 205	1 225	1 222	1 225	1 230	1 230
Chad	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000
China	6 900	3 600	6 800	11 400	13 300	13 500
Ethiopia	5 000	5 000	5 300	4 900	5 200	5 200
European Union	950	1 554	1 128	1 123	1 043	1 023
India	4 600	3 550	4 500	4 550	4 500	4 500
Mali	1 450	1 470	1 500	1 700	1 600	1 600
Mexico	4 700	5 100	5 000	4 500	4 750	4 750
Niger	1 850	2 100	2 000	2 000	1 950	1 950
Nigeria	6 950	6 650	6 650	6 550	6 650	6 650
Sudan	4 400	5 300	4 350	5 100	5 050	5 050
Others	8 260	8 672	7 515	7 498	7 803	7 923
Subtotal	54 658	52 428	55 180	59 890	61 567	61 857
United States	4 119	6 212	4 365	2 514	3 175	3 175
World Total	58 777	58 640	59 545	62 404	64 742	65 032

Notes:

World totals for consumption reflect total utilisation, including food, seed, industrial, feed and waste, as well as differences in local marketing year imports and local marketing year exports.

Consumption statistics for regions and individual countries, however, reflect food, seed, industrial, feed and waste only.

Source: United States Department of Agriculture, Foreign Agricultural Service (USDA-FAS), Grain: World Markets and Trade report, March 2022.

The local area utilised for sorghum production increased by almost 16%, from 42 500 hectares in the 2019/20 season, to 49 200 hectares this season.

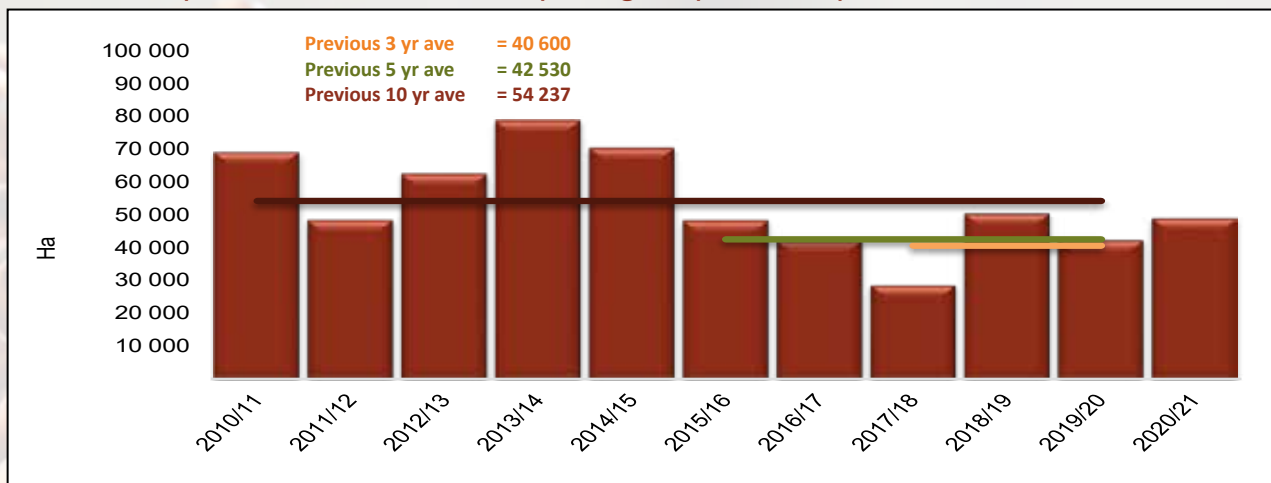
According to *The Bureau for Food and Agricultural Policy (BFAP) Baseline, Agricultural Outlook 2021 – 2030*, when looking at the outlook for field crops, specifically summer grains and oilseeds, sorghum area is projected to decline by 8%, reaching an equilibrium of around 40 000 hectares. In light of the decline in area, which removes lower potential areas from production, average yields improve by 16% over the 10-year period to 2030. Sorghum consumption is expected to increase by 8% over the coming decade after declining by almost 20% over the past decade.

Please see Table 2 for an overview of sorghum production under dry land conditions versus irrigation in the 2020/21 season, compared to the 2019/20 season. Graphs 2 to 4 provide national figures with regards to hectares planted, tons produced and yields obtained over the last 11 seasons. Graphs 5 to 10 on page 6 provide similar figures for the major sorghum producing provinces this season, namely Limpopo, Mpumalanga and North West.

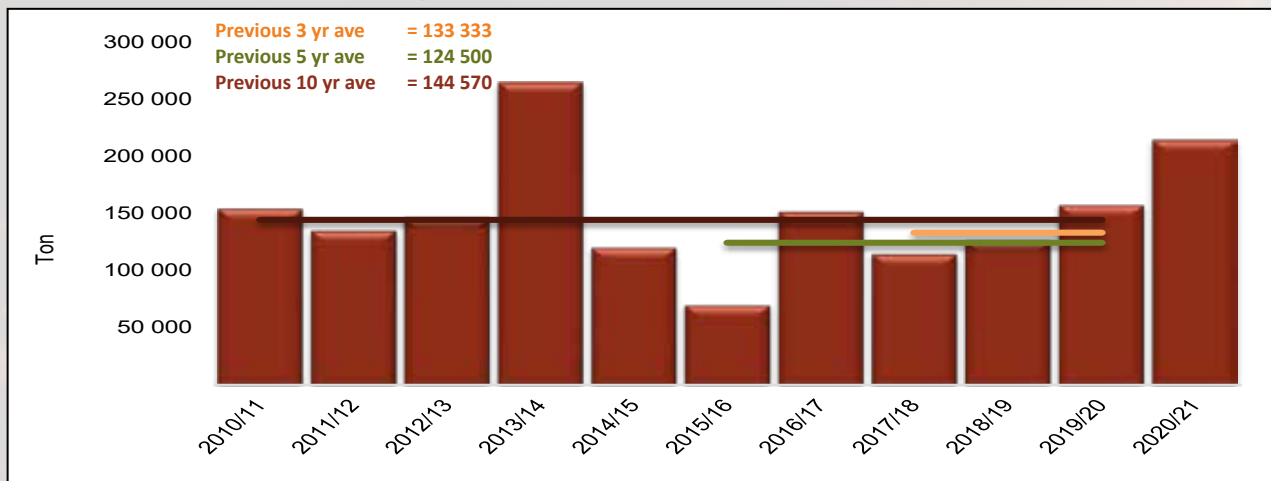
Table 2: Sorghum production overview over two seasons							
Province	Type of production	2020/21			2019/20		
		Hectares planted, ha	Production, tons	Yield, t/ha	Hectares planted, ha	Production, tons	Yield, t/ha
Western Cape	Dryland	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Irrigation	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	-	-	-	-	-	-
Northern Cape	Dryland	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Irrigation	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	-	-	-	-	-	-
Free State	Dryland	10 450	45 445	4.35	8 000	35 200	4.40
	Irrigation	50	230	4.60	-	-	-
	Total	10 500	45 675	4.35	8 000	35 200	4.40
Eastern Cape	Dryland	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Irrigation	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	-	-	-	-	-	-
KwaZulu-Natal	Dryland	450	1 980	4.40	1 200	4 200	3.50
	Irrigation	50	320	6.40	-	-	-
	Total	500	2 300	4.60	1 200	4 200	3.50
Mpumalanga	Dryland	9 400	57 325	6.10	8 500	46 340	5.45
	Irrigation	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	9 400	57 325	6.10	8 500	46 340	5.45
Limpopo	Dryland	16 300	57 800	3.55	15 350	39 350	2.56
	Irrigation	700	3 400	4.86	650	2 600	4.00
	Total	17 000	61 200	3.60	16 000	41 950	2.62
Gauteng	Dryland	300	1 350	4.50	265	795	3.00
	Irrigation	-	-	-	35	165	4.71
	Total	300	1 350	4.50	300	960	3.20
North West	Dryland	10 800	43 400	4.02	7 800	25 500	3.27
	Irrigation	700	3 750	5.36	700	3 850	5.50
	Total	11 500	47 150	4.10	8 500	29 350	3.45
RSA	Dryland	47 700	207 300	4.35	41 115	151 385	3.68
	Irrigation	1 500	7 700	5.13	1 385	6 615	4.78
	Total	49 200	215 000	4.37	42 500	158 000	3.72

Figures provided by the CEC.

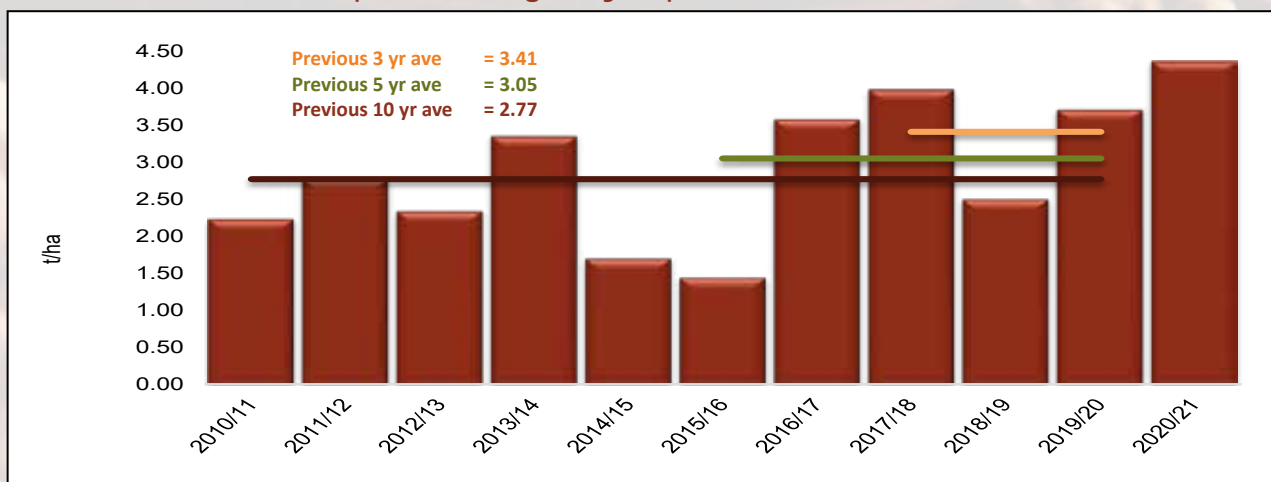
Graph 2: Total RSA area utilised for sorghum production from 2010/11 to 2020/21



Graph 3: Sorghum production in RSA from 2010/11 to 2020/21

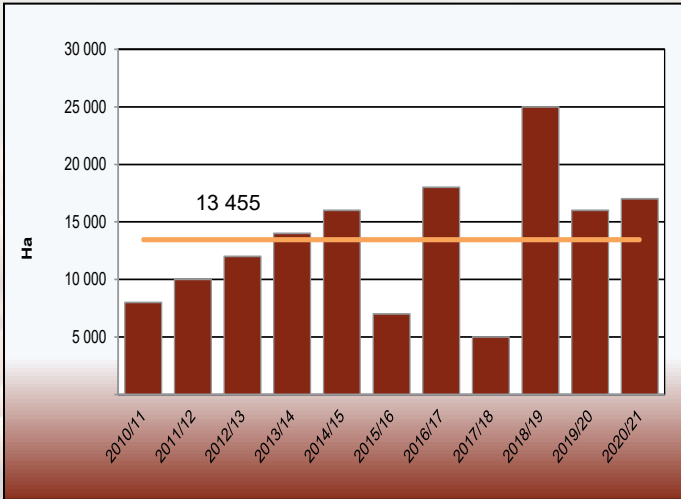


Graph 4: RSA Sorghum yield from 2010/11 to 2020/21

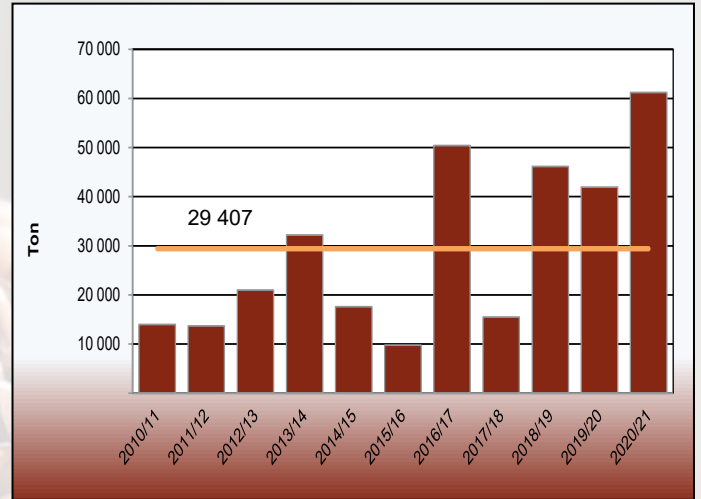


Figures provided by the CEC.

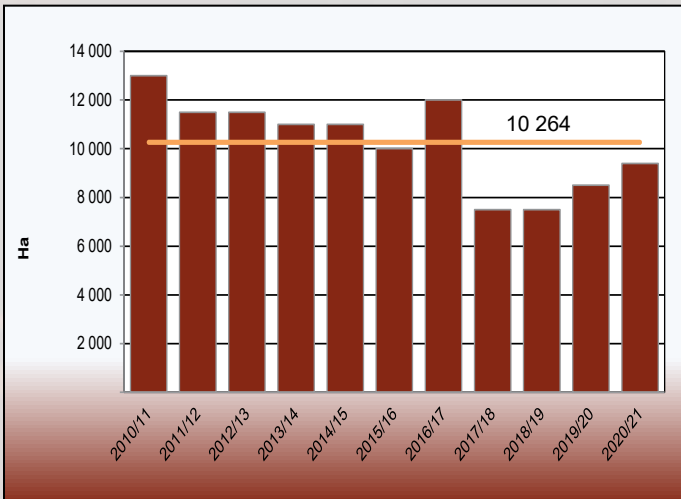
Graph 5: Area utilised for sorghum production in Limpopo since 2010/11



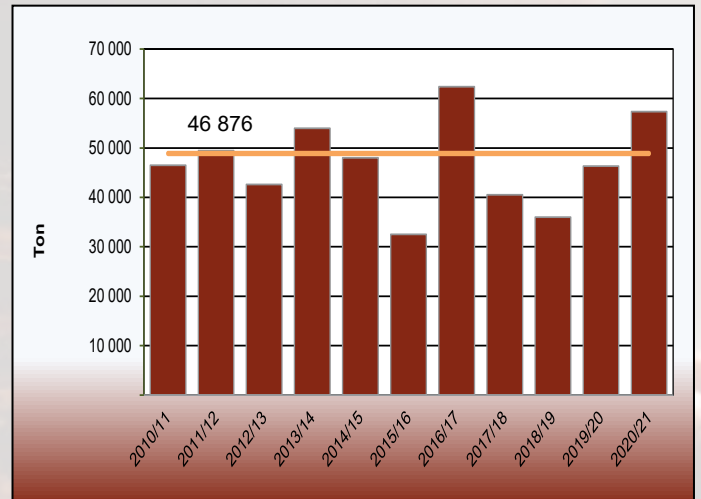
Graph 6: Sorghum production in Limpopo since 2010/11



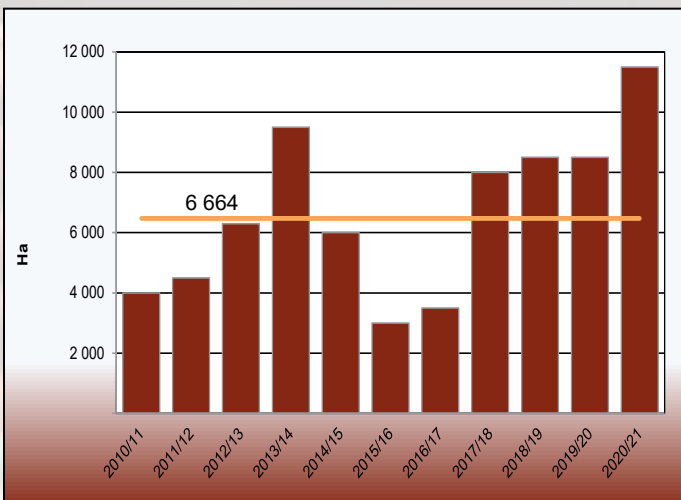
Graph 7: Area utilised for sorghum production in Mpumalanga since 2010/11



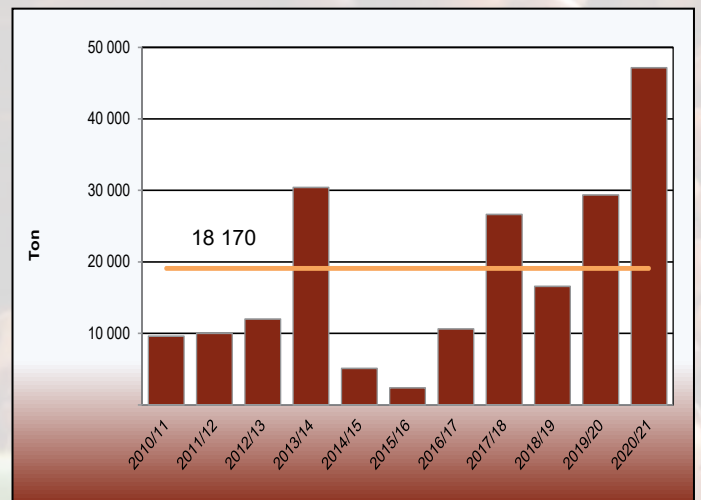
Graph 8: Sorghum production in Mpumalanga since 2010/11



Graph 9: Area utilised for sorghum production in North West since 2010/11



Graph 10: Sorghum production in North West since 2010/11



Figures provided by the CEC.

— Eleven season average

SUPPLY AND DEMAND

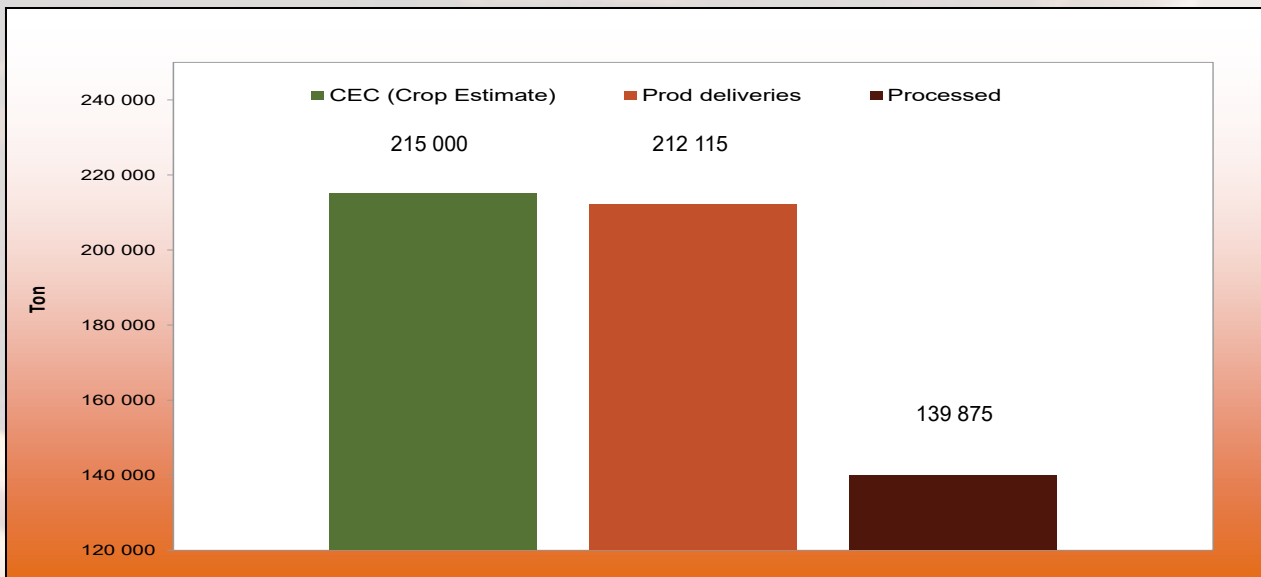
The sorghum marketing season dates from March to February. According to SAGIS supply and demand figures for the 2021/22 marketing season to date (March 2021 to January 2022), opening stock decreased by 14% compared to the previous marketing season and is also almost 21% lower than the ten-year average.

To date, only 4 147 tons of sorghum have been imported, compared to the 6 546 and 59 253 tons of the previous two seasons respectively. The ten-year import average is 44 799 tons. China is the main importer of sorghum in the world and imported 10 500 thousand metric tons (82% of all imports) during the 2021/22 season (*United States Department of Agriculture, Foreign Agricultural Service (USDA FAS), March 2022 report*).

Of the 139 875 tons of sorghum processed in South Africa so far this season, 42% was used for malting purposes and of this 21% was indoor malting and 79% floor malting. Sorghum processed as meal, rice and grits amounted to 48%. The remainder of the sorghum was processed for pet food, as well as poultry and livestock feed. The previous season 165 908 tons of sorghum was processed. The ten-year average is 166 114 tons.

Local exports to date amount to 5 897 tons, compared to 5 380 tons last season and the ten-year average of 16 731 tons. Globally, the United States is by far the largest exporter of sorghum. During the 2021/22 season the USA exported 8 000 thousand metric tons (63% of the total amount of 12 728 thousand metric tons) followed by Argentina and Australia (*USDA FAS, March 2022 report*).

Graph 11: Sorghum supply and demand overview for the current marketing season (Mar 2021 - Feb 2022)

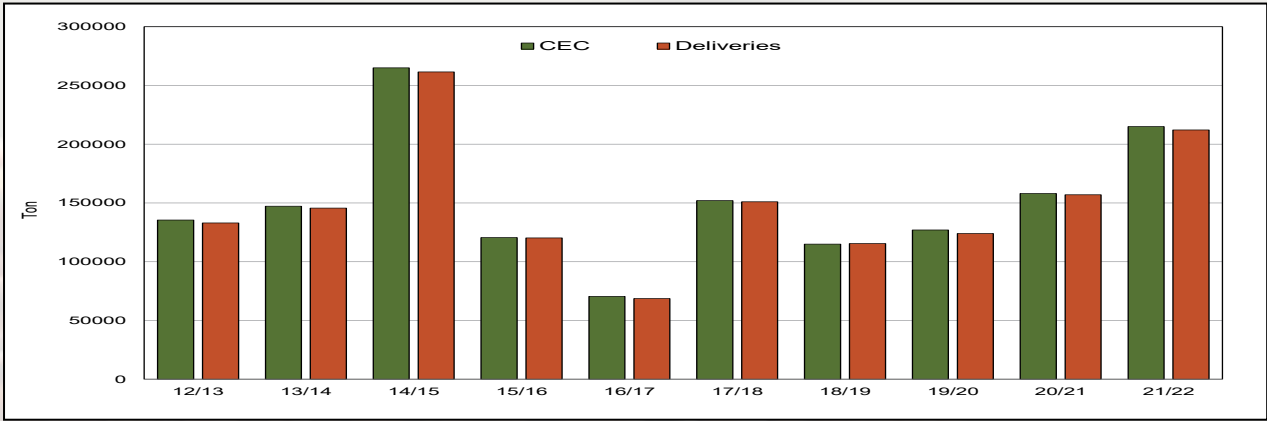


Information provided by SAGIS.

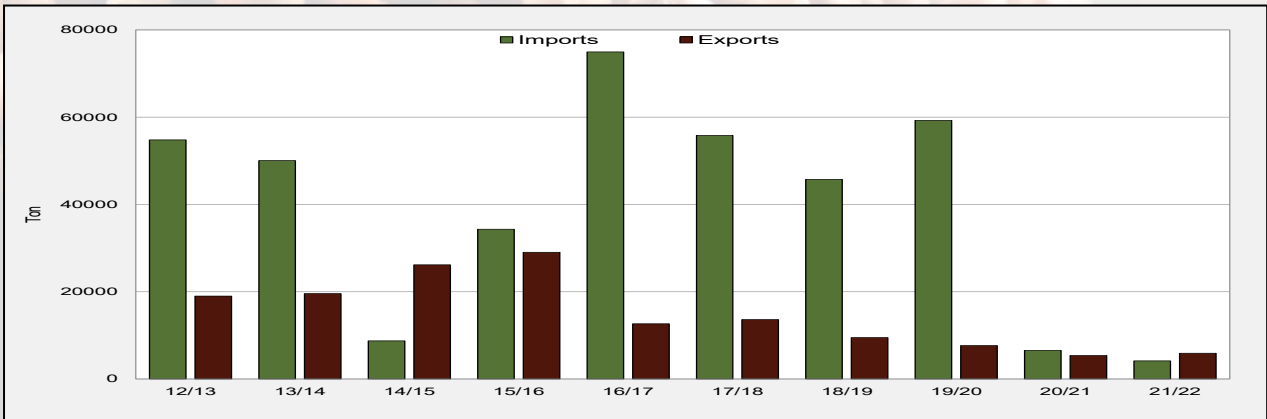
SORGHUM: SUPPLY AND DEMAND TABLE BASED ON SAGIS' INFO (TON)

SORGHUM: SUPPLY AND DEMAND TABLE BASED ON SAGIS' INFO (TON)																	Publication date: 2022/02/25			
	Season (Mar - Feb)																Current Season Mar-Jan	10 Year average		
	04/05	05/06	06/07	07/08	08/09	09/10	10/11	11/12	12/13	13/14	14/15	15/16	16/17	17/18	18/19	19/20			20/21	21/22
CEC (Crop Estimate)	373 300	260 000	96 000	176 000	255 000	276 500	196 500	155 000	135 500	147 200	265 000	120 500	70 500	152 000	115 000	127 000	158 000	215 000	144 570	
SUPPLY																				
Opening stock (1 Mar)	65 500	201 200	204 800	91 000	59 300	87 300	112 400	73 400	62 500	56 015	50 069	121 812	83 142	35 238	59 246	51 860	60 423	51 795	65 371	
Prod deliveries	369 700	250 400	100 600	171 900	251 200	275 900	194 000	156 800	133 000	145 604	261 507	120 231	68 578	150 967	115 394	123 925	156 966	212 115	143 297	
Imports	5 400	5 000	9 900	31 700		4 000		57 800	54 800	50 033	8 725	34 316	74 957	55 824	45 739	59 253	6 546	4 147	44 799	
Surplus			300		1 700		2 200	2 800			1 354					2 114		190	627	
Total Supply	440 600	456 600	315 600	294 600	312 200	367 200	308 600	290 800	250 300	251 652	320 301	277 713	226 677	242 029	220 379	235 038	226 049	268 247	254 094	
DEMAND																				
Processed	187 800	201 600	189 100	196 200	184 300	192 400	194 300	189 900	165 000	170 536	159 364	159 824	170 315	161 422	154 744	164 130	165 908	139 875	166 114	
-Indoor malting	25 200	24 300	25 400	24 900	22 700	20 400	18 000	16 900	13 100	12 093	13 710	11 105	11 706	11 404	9 739	9 524	9 793	12 702	11 907	
-Floor malting	77 400	76 900	70 900	64 300	63 600	71 400	66 400	64 400	57 600	56 928	48 504	50 265	51 026	48 709	46 613	50 857	49 285	46 638	52 419	
-Meal, rice & grits	75 400	88 300	84 800	95 800	88 800	92 500	101 300	101 400	88 600	96 409	90 346	88 041	97 872	92 719	87 715	94 286	94 902	67 133	93 229	
-Pet Food	900	1 300	900	900	900	900	1 100	1 200	800	924	1 113	1 029	1 001	818	850	555	634	595	892	
-Poultry Feed	6 000	7 900	5 800	6 500	5 200	5 300	4 800	5 500	4 300	3 548	3 590	3 948	3 987	4 349	6 600	7 011	8 550	8 160	5 138	
-Livestock feed	2 900	2 900	1 300	3 800	3 100	1 900	2 700	500	600	634	2 101	5 436	4 723	3 423	3 227	1 897	2 744	4 647	2 529	
Bio-fuel																				
Withdrawn by producers	6 900	3 700	2 900	4 200	3 800	7 400	7 600	7 800	5 800	5 577	4 683	2 569	644	2 370	1 032	957	2 055	1 877	3 349	
Released to end-consumers	1 400	2 100	2 000	2 300	1 600	4 400	5 300	4 200	2 600	2 707	2 363	2 608	1 209	1 482	766	613	990	622	1 954	
Net receipts (-)/disp(+)	3 600	3 700	3 400	1 900	1 800	-1 100	-300	1 600	1 600	70	932	531	1 101	94	883	1 036	-79	-54	777	
Deficit	2 400	800		1 600		100			300	3 143	4 978		5 521	3 816	1 612	236			1 961	
Exports	37 300	39 900	27 200	29 100	33 400	51 600	28 300	24 800	19 000	19 550	26 169	29 039	12 649	13 599	9 482	7 643	5 360	5 897	16 731	
Total Demand	239 400	251 800	224 600	235 300	224 900	254 800	235 200	228 300	194 300	201 683	198 489	194 671	191 439	182 783	168 519	174 615	174 254	148 217	190 885	
Ending Stock (28 Feb)	201 200	204 800	91 000	59 300	87 300	112 400	73 400	62 500	56 000	50 069	121 812	83 142	35 238	59 246	51 860	60 423	51 795	120 030	63 209	
-processed p/month	15 650	16 800	15 758	16 350	15 358	16 033	16 192	15 825	13 750	14 211	13 280	13 319	14 193	13 452	12 895	13 678	13 826	12 716	13 843	
-months' stock	12.9	12.2	5.8	3.6	5.7	7.0	4.5	3.9	4.1	3.5	9.2	6.2	2.5	4.4	4.0	4.4	3.7	9.4	5	

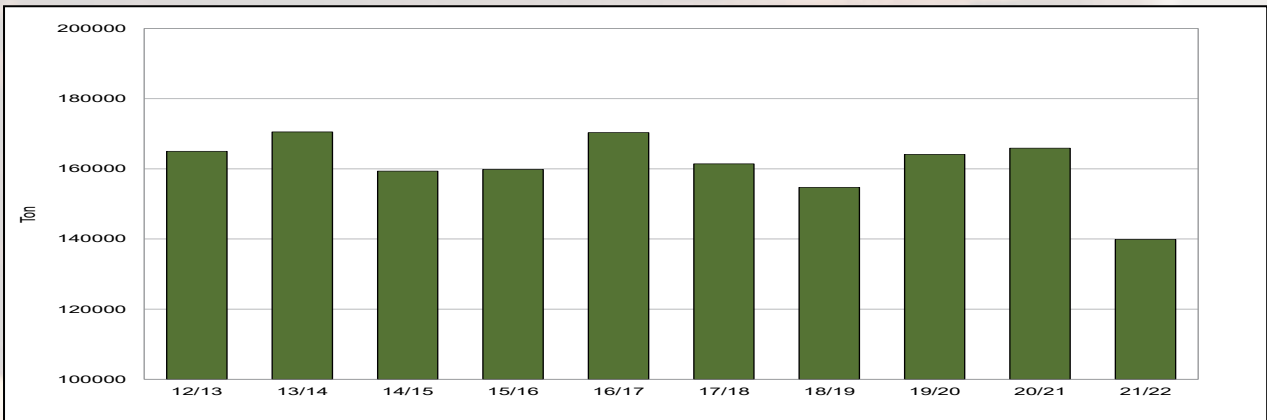
Graph 12: Sorghum: CEC Estimate vs SAGIS deliveries over 10 marketing seasons



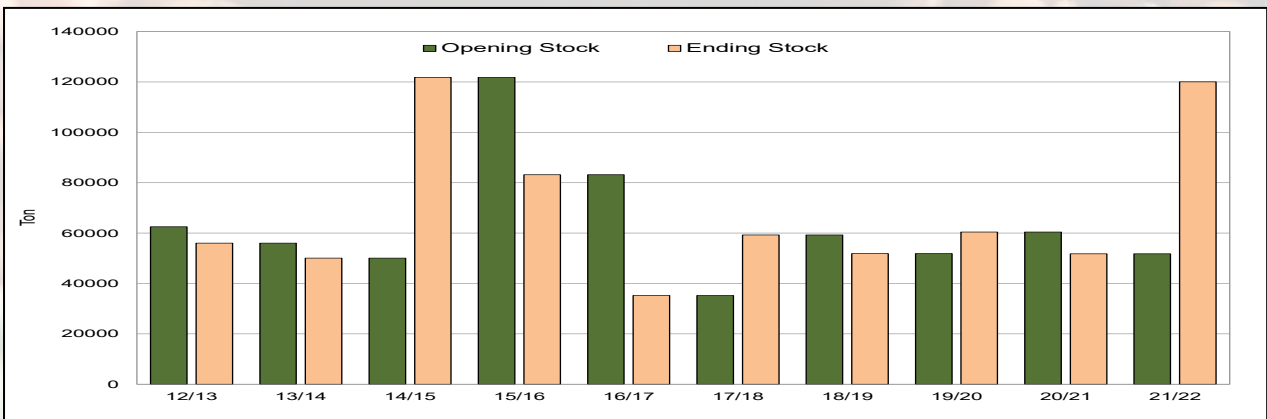
Graph 13: Sorghum: Imports and Exports over 10 marketing seasons



Graph 14: Sorghum: Processed over 10 marketing seasons



Graph 15: Sorghum: Opening and closing stock over 10 marketing seasons



Information provided by SAGIS.

Season	WHOLE SORGHUM: IMPORTS FOR RSA PER COUNTRY (Tons)							
	Botswana	Brazil	Lesotho	Malawi	Ukraine	United States	Zimbabwe	Total
2016/17	0	0	0	0	280	74 677	0	74 957
2017/18	0	0	6	0	20	55 798	0	55 824
2018/19	2 093	0	0	132	187	42 525	802	45 739
2019/20	2 165	0	0	0	470	55 820	798	59 253
2020/21	6 372	0	0	0	174	0	0	6 546
2021/22	3 805	0	0	242	100	0	0	4 147

Season	SORGHUM: IMPORTS PER HARBOUR (Tons)					
	Harbours					
	East London	Durban	Cape Town	Port Elizabeth	Richards Bay	Total
2007/08	0	59 192	0	0	0	59 192
2008/09	0	34 633	0	0	0	34 633
2009/10	0	34 082	0	0	0	34 082
2010/11	0	28 837	0	0	0	28 837
2011/12	0	74 514	0	0	0	74 514
2012/13	0	140 227	0	0	0	140 227
2013/14	0	76 278	0	0	0	76 278
2014/15	0	17 292	0	0	0	17 292
2015/16	0	65 143	0	0	0	65 143
2016/17	230	142 629	50	0	0	142 909
2017/18	0	68 689	20	0	0	68 709
2018/19	138	47 521	49	0	0	47 708
2019/20	368	76 848	102	0	0	77 318
2020/21	0	9 284	123	0	0	9 407
2021/22*	0	10 045	100	0	0	10 145

* Progressive March 2021 - January 2022

Note: Includes Imports for RSA and Other Countries

Season	WHOLE SORGHUM: RSA EXPORTS PER COUNTRY (Tons)							
	Botswana	Chad	Namibia	Eswatini (Swaziland)	Tanzania	Zambia	Zimbabwe	Total
2016/17	5 425	0	0	2 017	0	0	0	7 442
2017/18	6 591	0	32	1 731	912	200	0	9 466
2018/19	1 189	0	20	3 811	0	0	0	5 020
2019/20	388	0	411	3 448	0	0	0	4 247
2020/21	0	0	68	3 489	0	0	995	4 552
2021/22	1 666	0	134	3 011	0	0	0	4 811

Season	SORGHUM: EXPORTS PER HARBOUR (Tons)					
	Harbours					
	East London	Durban	Cape Town	Port Elizabeth	Richards Bay	Total
2007/08	0	0	0	0	0	0
2008/09	0	0	0	0	0	0
2009/10	0	7 911	0	0	0	7 911
2010/11	0	5 072	0	0	0	5 072
2011/12	0	23 087	0	0	0	23 087
2012/13	0	23 706	0	0	0	23 706
2013/14	0	19 250	0	0	0	19 250
2014/15	0	25	0	0	0	25
2015/16	0	5 300	0	0	0	5 300
2016/17	0	35 034	0	0	0	35 034
2017/18	0	6 502	0	0	0	6 502
2018/19	0	6 944	0	0	0	6 944
2019/20	0	0	0	0	0	0
2020/21	0	0	0	0	0	0
2021/22*	0	5 033	0	0	0	5 033

* Progressive March 2021 - January 2022

RSA PRODUCTION REGIONS

The RSA is divided into 9 provinces as illustrated in Figure 1.

Figure 1: RSA Provinces



Regional map with gratitude to SiQ.

The 9 provinces are divided into 36 grain production regions.

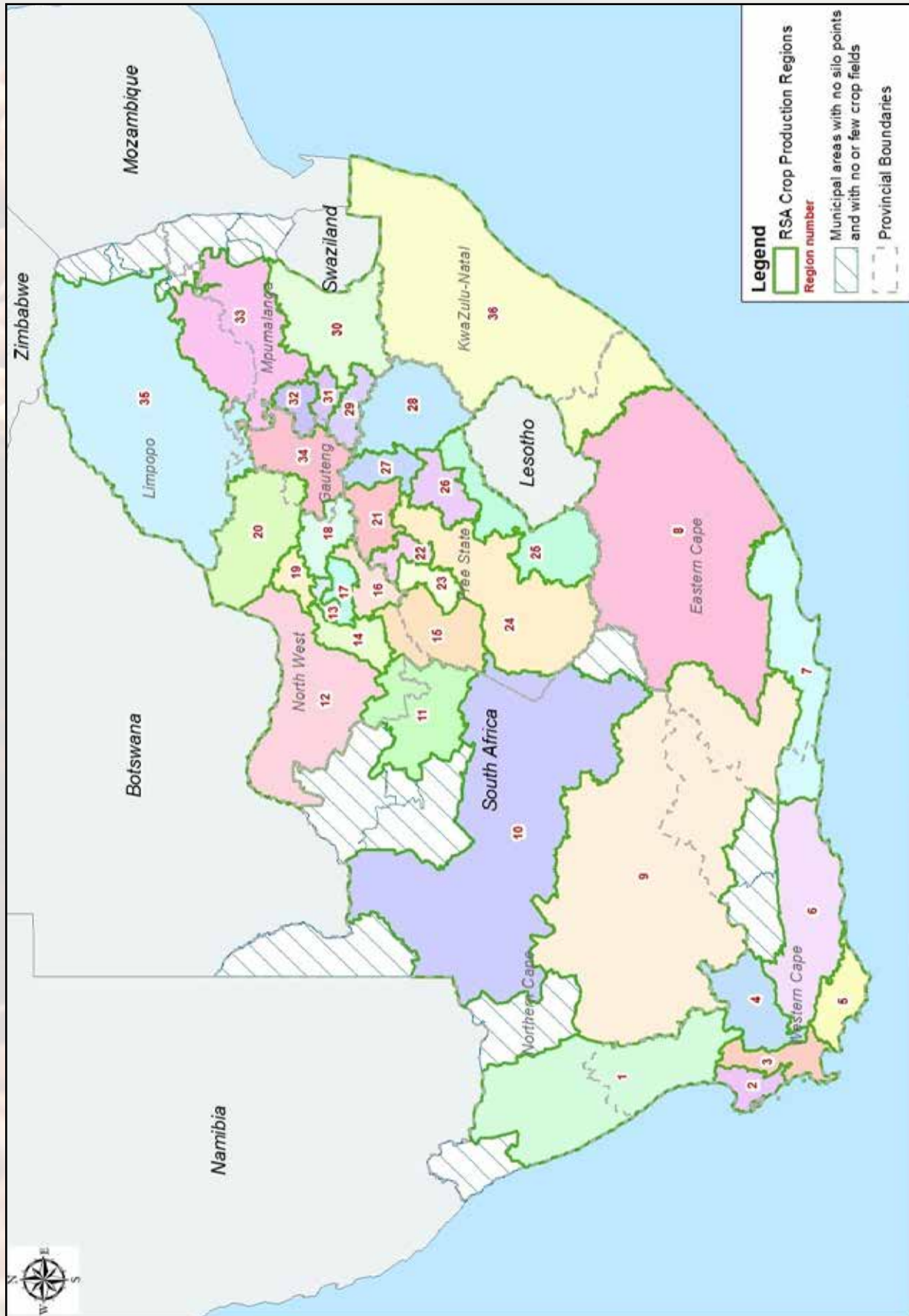
The regions are distributed as follows:

- Region 1: Namakwaland
- Regions 2 to 4: Swartland
- Regions 5 and 6: Rûens
- Regions 7 and 8: Eastern Cape
- Region 9: Karoo
- Region 10: Griqualand West
- Region 11: Vaalharts
- Regions 12 to 20: North West
- Regions 21 to 28: Free State
- Regions 29 to 33: Mpumalanga
- Region 34: Gauteng
- Region 35: Limpopo
- Region 36: KwaZulu-Natal

Please see the Crop Production Regions map on the next page.

The production regions from which sorghum samples have been received for the crop quality survey of the 2020/21 production season, are named and described on pages 19 to 20. All the silo/intake stands as well as the type of storage structure, situated in a particular region, are provided.

Figure 2: RSA Crop Production Regions



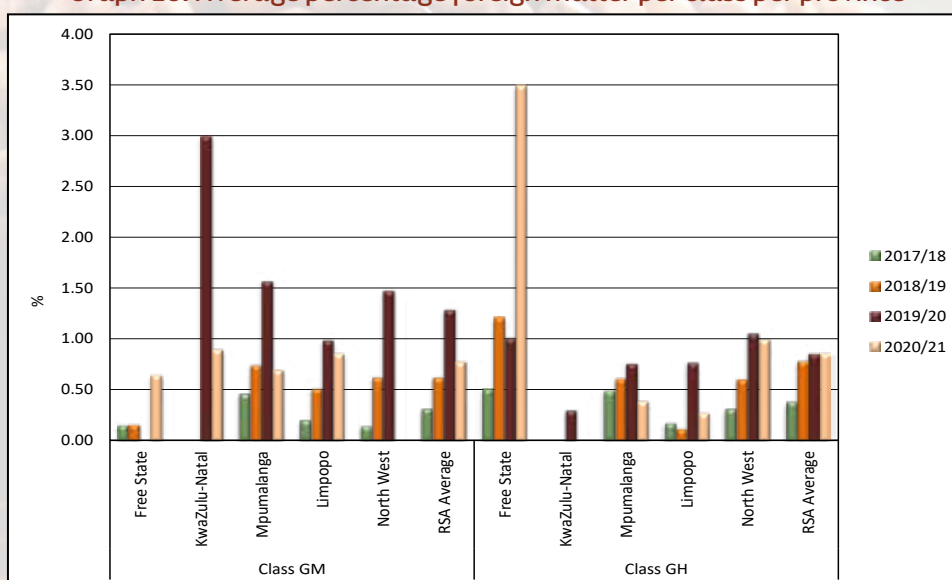
Regional map with gratitude to Agbiz Grain and SIQ.

SORGHUM CROP QUALITY 2020/21 - SUMMARY OF RESULTS

Seventy-three percent (30) of the 41 samples analysed for the purpose of this survey was determined to be class GM. Of these, 22 samples (73%) were graded as Grade GM1. Three samples each was graded GM2 and GM3 respectively and two samples were graded Class Other Sorghum (COS). Of the 11 samples determined to be class GH, 82% (9 samples) was graded GH1 and the remaining two samples were grade GH2 and Class Other respectively. No white sorghum samples were received this season for inclusion in the survey.

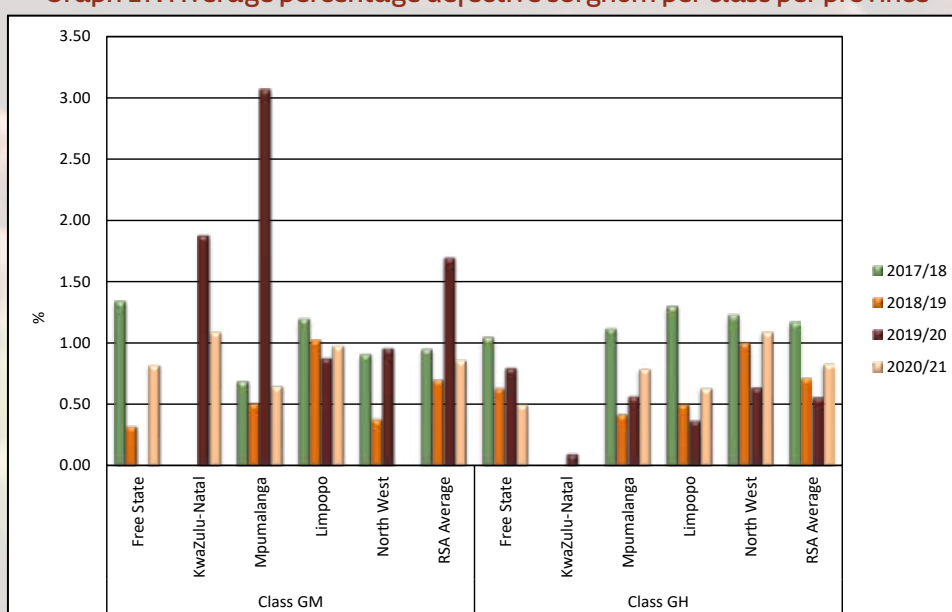
Please see Graphs 16 to 18 for the weighted average percentages foreign matter, defective sorghum and small kernel sorghum per class per province over four seasons. The two samples received from KwaZulu-Natal had the highest average percentage foreign matter (0.90%) for GM sorghum, while the single sample from the Free State showed the highest foreign matter percentage (3.50%) for GH sorghum. The national weighted averages were 0.78% and 0.86% for GM and GH sorghum respectively.

Graph 16: Average percentage foreign matter per class per province

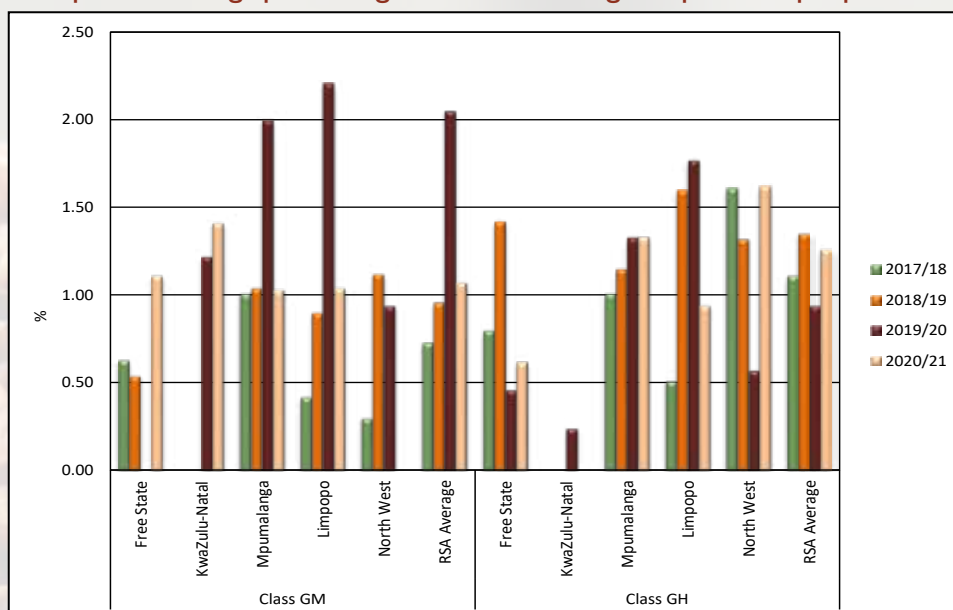


The percentage defective GM sorghum was the highest (1.09%) in KwaZulu-Natal, North West (4 samples) had the highest percentage defective GH sorghum, also 1.09%. The national averages were 0.86% for GM and 0.83% for GH. GH sorghum showed the highest percentage small kernels (national average 1.26%), with the samples from North West having the highest percentage namely 1.62% and the Free State sample the lowest with 0.62%. GM sorghum had the lowest percentages small kernels in Mpumalanga (10 samples) and Limpopo (14 samples) with 1.03% and 1.04% respectively, the weighted average for the class was 1.07%.

Graph 17: Average percentage defective sorghum per class per province



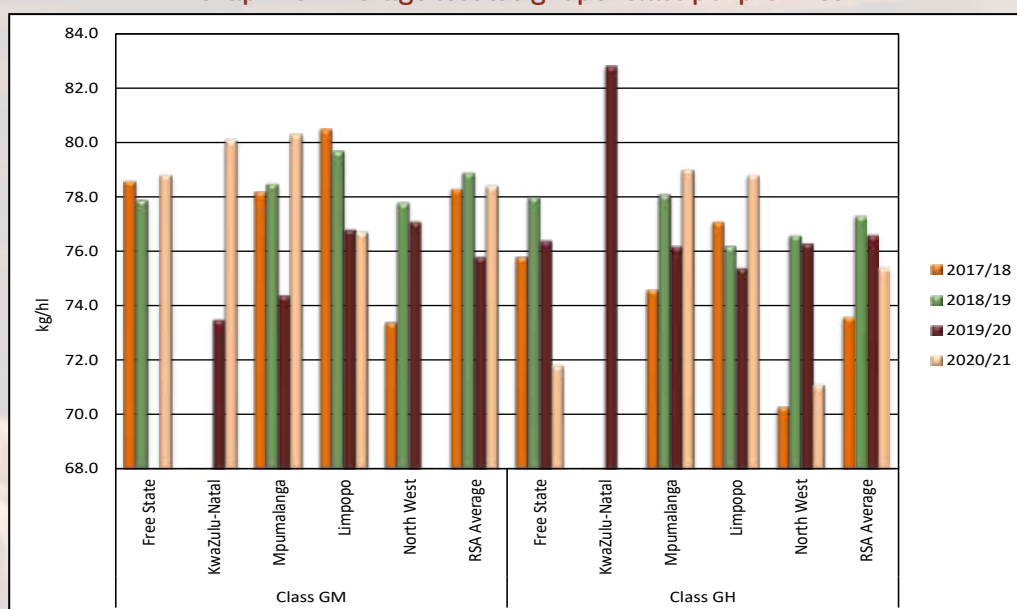
Graph 18: Average percentage small kernel sorghum per class per province



GM sorghum had the highest weighted average test weight, namely 78.4 kg/hl, while GH sorghum averaged 75.4 kg/hl. Please refer to Graph 19. Test weight values for GM sorghum ranged between 65.0 kg/hl and 83.4 kg/hl, with Mpumalanga reporting the highest average and Limpopo the lowest. GH values varied from 61.1 kg/hl to 79.6 kg/hl. Mpumalanga again reported the highest average with the lowest GH average reported in North West. Test weight was determined on unscreened samples.

GM sorghum also had the highest 1 000 kernel mass values, ranging between 20.1 and 31.8 g (14% moisture basis) and averaging 27.3 g. GH sorghum averaged just over 1 g lower at 26.2 g and varied between 22.0 and 28.8 g. Last season these averages were 23.5 g and 23.8 g respectively.

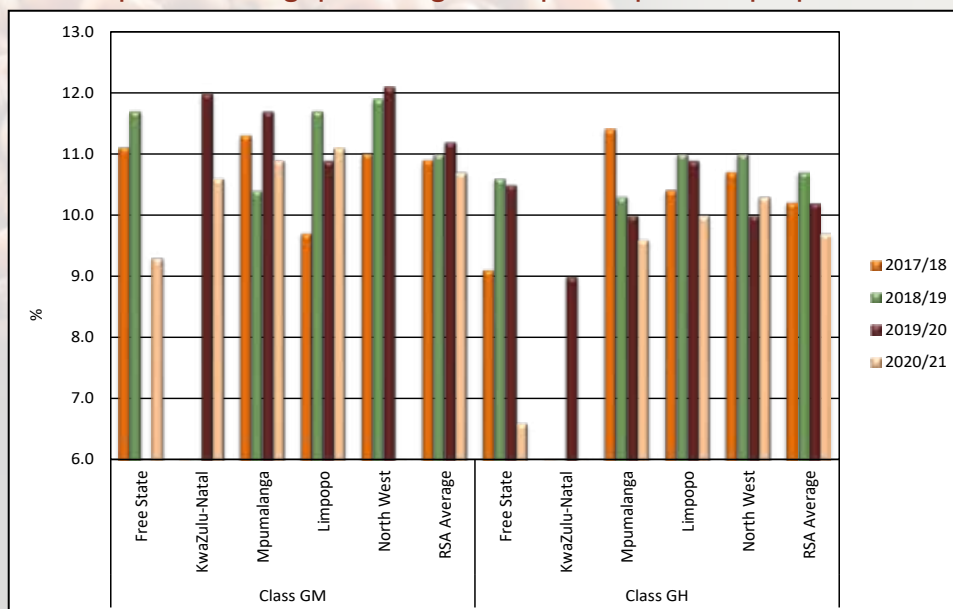
Graph 19: Average test weight per class per province



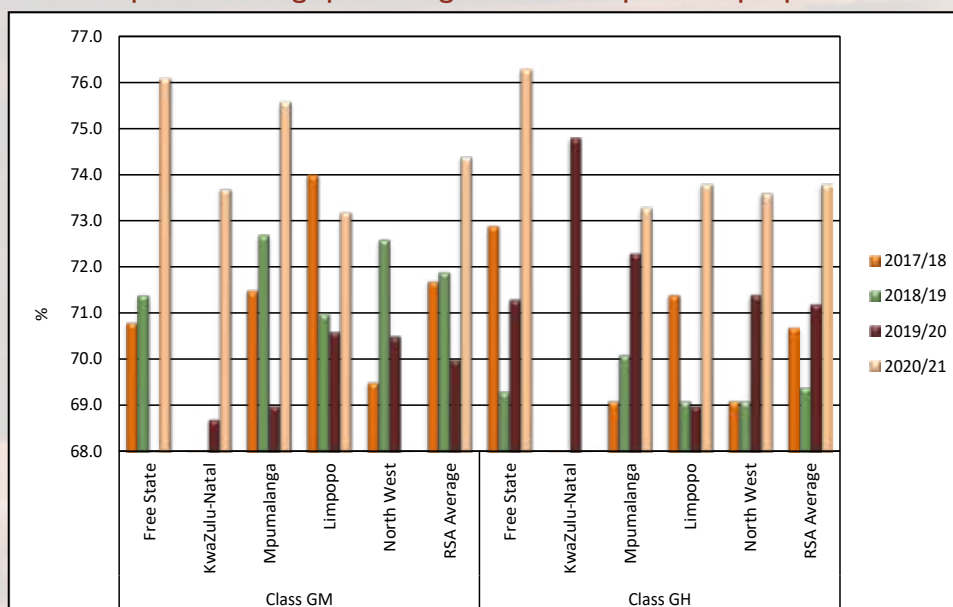
The image analysis results showed that the GM sorghum on average had longer kernels and also slightly wider kernels than the GH sorghum. The variation (indicated by the standard deviation) in these parameters is similar for both GM and GH sorghum. Kernel elongation, defined as W/L% (width divided by length, expressed as a percentage) showed a wider variation as the length and width parameters as can be expected, with average standard deviations of 5.0% for GM and 4.5% for GH sorghum. A totally round kernel will have a W/L% of 100. GM sorghum's volume to surface ratio was over the last four seasons on average 3% higher than that of GH sorghum.

The crude protein and total starch contents of the samples were calculated and reported on a dry basis. Limpopo had the highest protein average of 11.1% for GM sorghum, while the Free State averaged the lowest with 9.3%. North West had the highest average for GH sorghum with 10.3% and the Free State again averaged the lowest with 6.6%. Nationally, GM and GH sorghum averaged 10.7% and 9.7% respectively. The highest average total starch content for GM sorghum was reported in the Free State (76.1%) and the lowest (73.2%) in Limpopo. The highest average total starch content for GH sorghum, namely 76.3%, was reported in the Free State as with GM sorghum. The weighted total starch content of GM sorghum was 74.4% and that of GH sorghum 73.8%. In the 2019/20 season, these values were 70.0 % and 71.2% respectively. Please see Graphs 20 and 21.

Graph 20: Average percentage crude protein per class per province



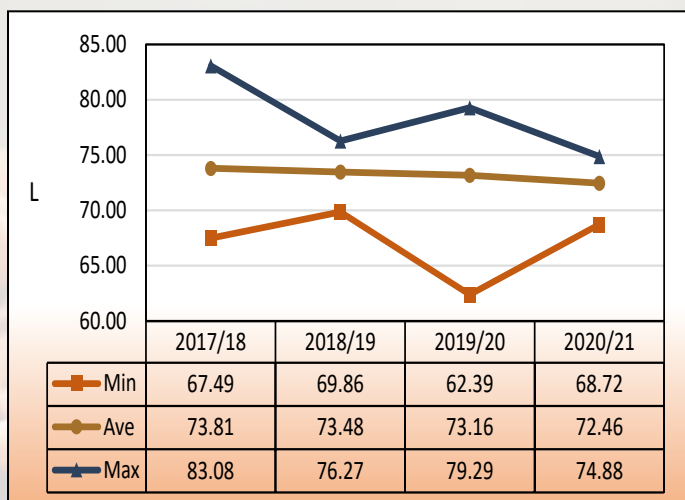
Graph 21: Average percentage total starch per class per province



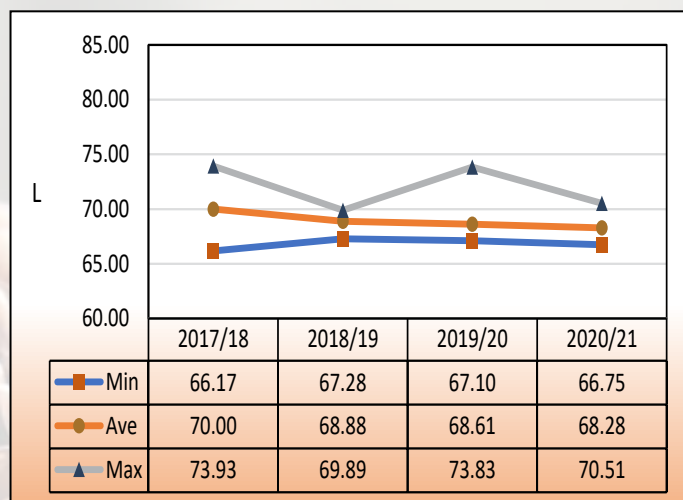
Hunterlab colour determinations were done on a milled fraction of dehulled sample above the 1.8 mm slotted sieve. The Hunterlab spectrophotometer separates the components of reflected color into a three-dimensional colour scale, namely the Hunter L, a, b scale where L represents lightness (100 being white and 0 being black), a represents green to red variation and b represents variation from blue to yellow.

Please see Graphs 22 to 27 for a comparison of the ranges in the L, a, b values obtained on GM and GH sorghum over four seasons. The minimum and maximum values are based on a single composite sample's result in a specific season.

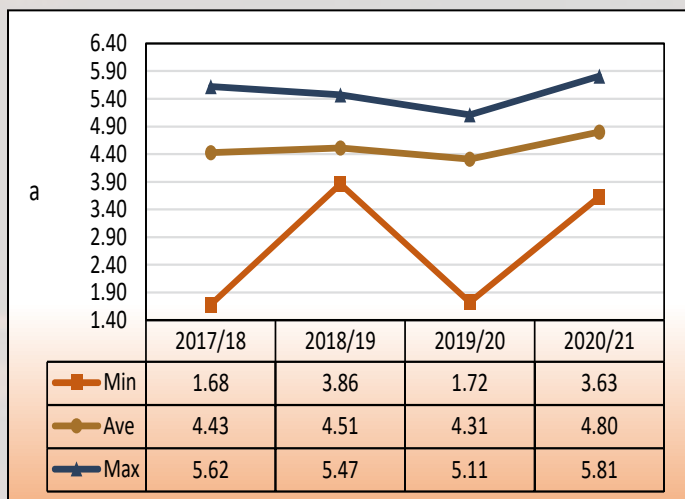
Graph 22: Range of Hunterlab L values on GM sorghum over four seasons



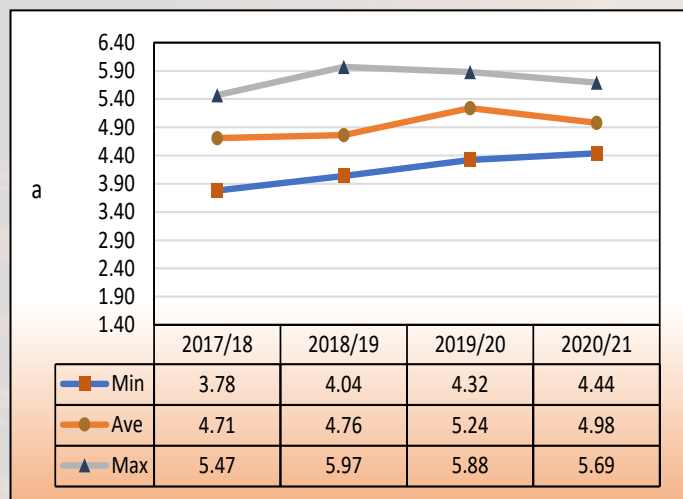
Graph 23: Range of Hunterlab L values on GH sorghum over four seasons



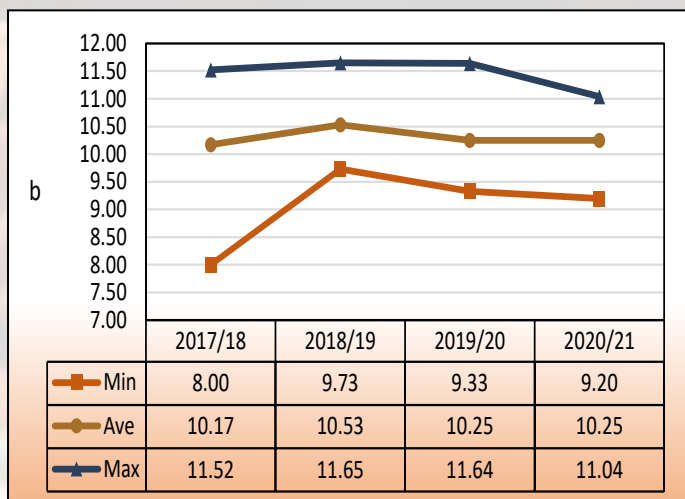
Graph 24: Range of Hunterlab a values on GM sorghum over four seasons



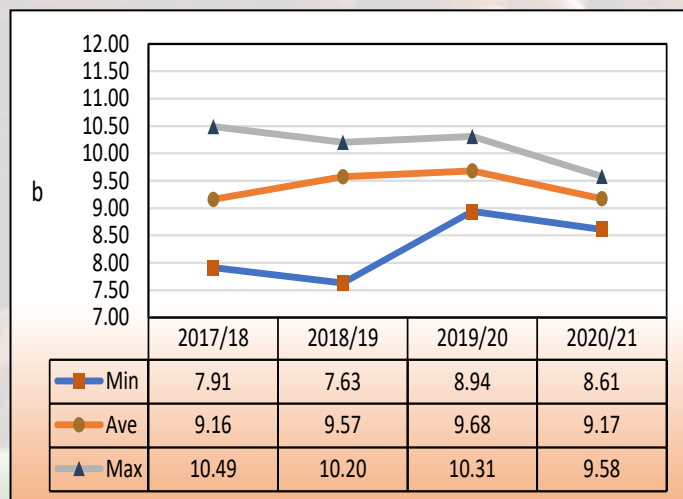
Graph 25: Range of Hunterlab a values on GH sorghum over four seasons



Graph 26: Range of Hunterlab b values on GM sorghum over four seasons



Graph 27: Range of Hunterlab b values on GH sorghum over four seasons



Although there are currently no acceptable ranges for these parameters defined, the colour must be within the consumer-acceptable range, which traditionally are products with a slightly pink hue. Not only the dehulling process, but also other traits such as pigmentation differences determine the end product colour.

Mycotoxin analyses were performed on all 41 sorghum crop samples. The samples were tested by means of a SANAS ISO/IEC 17025 accredited multi-mycotoxin method using UPLC-MS/MS. With this technique simultaneous quantification and confirmation of Aflatoxin B₁; B₂; G₁; G₂, Fumonisin B₁; B₂; B₃, Deoxynivalenol, 15-ADON, HT-2 Toxin, T-2 Toxin, Zearalenone and Ochratoxin A is possible in one run.

None of the samples tested positive for any of these mycotoxins as in the 2017/18 and 2019/20 seasons. Fumonisin, Deoxynivalenol (DON) and Zearalenone residues were found on some samples of the 2018/19 season. None of the levels however raised any concerns.

Please see mycotoxin results in Table 10 on pages 29 and 30.

The Methods section of this report on pages 31 and 32 provide a description of the procedures and methodologies followed.

Table 3: South African Sorghum Crop Quality Averages 2020/21 season

Class and grade sorghum		GM					GH			
		GM1	GM2	GM3	COS	Weighted Average	GH1	GH2	COS	Weighted Average
Grading										
Foreign matter, %		0.52	1.83	1.94	0.35	0.78	0.36	2.78	3.50	0.86
Unthreshed sorghum, %		0.52	2.08	1.05	1.00	0.76	0.60	2.30	2.52	0.93
Defective sorghum, %		0.82	0.71	1.25	0.86	0.86	0.70	2.30	0.50	0.83
Small kernel sorghum, %		0.97	1.33	0.95	1.94	1.07	1.15	2.92	0.62	1.26
Total defective sorghum and small kernel sorghum, %		1.80	2.03	2.20	2.80	1.93	1.85	5.22	1.12	2.09
Sorghum of another group, %		0.15	0.60	2.54	37.95	2.95	0.22	0.00	0.40	0.22
White sorghum, %		0.06	0.00	2.67	0.00	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total of sorghum of another group and white sorghum, %		0.20	0.60	5.21	37.95	3.26	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.18
Weather-stained sorghum, %		1.32	0.56	0.41	0.85	1.12	0.29	0.00	0.10	0.24
Physical parameters										
Test weight, kg/hl		79.2	73.6	76.5	79.5	78.4	77.4	61.1	71.8	75.4
1000 Kernel Mass, g (14% moisture base)		27.6	24.7	27.0	28.5	27.3	26.3	25.3	26.9	26.2
# Image analysis	Length, mm	4.44	4.49	4.50	4.25	4.44	4.17	4.26	4.30	4.19
	Standard Deviation	0.27	0.26	0.29	0.31	0.28	0.24	0.28	0.23	0.24
	Width, mm	3.85	3.87	3.81	3.79	3.84	3.78	3.83	3.83	3.79
	Standard Deviation	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.23	0.20	0.19	0.19	0.16	0.19
	Elongation, %	87	86	85	89	87	91	90	89	91
	Standard Deviation	5.0	4.7	5.1	5.5	5.0	4.5	4.9	4.4	4.5
	Surface Area, %	70	71	70	68	70	67	68	69	67
	Standard Deviation	3.5	3.5	3.7	4.1	3.6	3.3	3.6	2.9	3.3
Chemical composition										
Moisture, %		11.3	11.5	11.0	11.3	11.3	11.5	13.6	13.0	11.8
Protein, % (db)		10.8	10.9	10.1	10.8	10.7	9.9	10.7	6.6	9.7
Starch content, % (db)		74.7	72.6	73.9	74.3	74.4	73.6	73.3	76.3	73.8
Hunterlab colour (fraction of dehulled sample above the 1.8 mm slotted sieve milled on Retch mill through 0.5 mm sieve)	L	72.48	72.76	73.61	70.12	72.46	68.40	67.38	68.05	68.28
	a	4.83	4.92	4.39	4.90	4.80	4.94	4.91	5.35	4.98
	b	10.33	9.99	10.20	9.81	10.25	9.13	9.53	9.22	9.17
Number of samples		22	3	3	2	30	9	1	1	11

GRAIN PRODUCTION REGIONS

Silo/Intake stands per region indicating type of storage structure

Region 18: North West Central Region (Ventersdorp)

NWK	Bodenstein (Bins)	Senwes	Makokskraal (Bins)
NWK	Coligny (Bins)	Senwes	Potchefstroom (Bins)
Senwes	Buckingham (Bins)	Senwes	Ventersdorp Silo A (Bins)
Senwes	Enselspruit (Bins)	Senwes	Ventersdorp Silo B (Bins)

Region 19: North West Central Region (Lichtenburg)

Afgri	Lichtenburg (Bunkers)	NWK	Lottie Halte (Bins)
NWK	Grootpan 1 (Bins)	NWK	Lusthof (Bins)
NWK	Grootpan 2 (Bins)	NWK	Lichtenburg Silo 5 (Bins)
NWK	Halfpad (Bins)	NWK	Lichtenburg Silo 3 (Bins)
NWK	Hibernia (Bins)	NWK	Mafikeng (Bins)

Region 24: Free State Central Region

Senwes	Bainsvlei (Bins)	Senwes	Kroonstad 226 (Bins)
Senwes	Bloemfontein (Bins)	Senwes	Petrusburg (Bins)
Senwes	Brandfort (Bins)	Senwes	Theunissen (Bins)
Senwes	De Brug (Bins)	Senwes	Van Tonder (Bins)
Senwes	Geneva (Bins)	Senwes	Welgeleë (Bins)
Senwes	Hennenman (Bins)	Senwes	Winburg (Bins)

Region 27: Free State Northern Region

Senwes	Gottenburg (Bins)	Senwes	Mooigeleë (Bins)
Senwes	Heilbron (Bins)	Senwes	Wolwehoek (Bins)
Senwes	Hoogte Grainlink (Bins)	VKB	Petrus Steyn (Bins)

Region 28: Free State Eastern Region

Afgri	Afrikaskop (Bins/Bunkers)	VKB	Jim Fouché (Bins)
Afgri	Eeram (Bins)	VKB	Memel (Bins)
Afgri	Harrismith (Bins)	VKB	Reitz (Bins)
Afgri	Kransfontein (Bins/Bunkers)	VKB	Tweeling (Bins)
VKB	Ascent (Bins)	VKB	Villiers (Bins/Bulk)
VKB	Cornelia (Bins)	VKB	Vrede (Bins)
VKB	Danielsrus (Bins)	VKB	Warden (Bins)
VKB	Frankfort (Bins)	VKB	Windfield (Bins)

Region 29: Mpumalanga Southern Region

Afgri	Balfour (Bins)	Afgri	Leeuspruit (Bins)
Afgri	Greylingstad (Bins)	Afgri	Platrand (Bins)
Afgri	Grootvlei (Bins)	Afgri	Standerton (Bins)
Afgri	Harvard (Bins)	Afgri	Vaaldrift (Bunkers)
Afgri	Holmdene (Bins)	Afgri	Val (Bins)



GRAIN PRODUCTION REGIONS (CONTINUE)

Silo/Intake stands per region indicating type of storage structure

Region 33: Mpumalanga Northern Region

Afgri	Arnot (Bins)	Afgri	Middelburg (Bins)
Afgri	Driefontein (Bins)	Afgri	Pan (Bins)
Afgri	Lydenburg (Bins)	Afgri	Stoffberg (Bins)
Afgri	Marble Hall (Bins)	Afgri	Wonderfontein (Bins)

Region 35: Limpopo Region

Afgri	Northam (Bins)	VKB	Nylstroom (Modimolle) (Bins)
VKB	Alma (Bins)	VKB	Potgietersrus (Mokopane) (Bins)
VKB	Lehau (Bins)	VKB	Roedtan (Bins)
VKB	Naboomspruit (Mookgophong) (Bins)	VKB	Settlers (Bins)
VKB	Nutfield (Bins)	VKB	Warmbad (Bela-Bela) (Bins)

Region 36: KwaZulu-Natal Region

Afgri	Bergville (Bins/Bunkers)	Afgri	Mizpah Silo (Bins)
Afgri	Bloedrivier Silo (Bins)	Afgri	Paulpietersburg Silo (Bins)
Afgri	Chelmsford Dam (Bunkers)	Afgri	Pietermaritzburg Silo (Bins)
Afgri	Dannhauser Silo (Bins)	Afgri	Vryheid Silo (Bins)
Afgri	Dundee Silo (Bins)	Afgri	Winterton (Bins/Bunkers)



TABLE 4: GRADING RESULTS OF SORGHUM ACCORDING TO GRADE (2020/21)

Number of samples	Region	Foreign matter, %			Unthreshed sorghum, %			Defective sorghum, %			Small kernel sorghum, %			Total of defective sorghum and small kernel sorghum, %			Sorghum of another group, %			White sorghum, %			Total of Sorghum of another group and White Sorghum, %			Weather-Stained Sorghum, %			
		ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	
GRADE: GM1																													
1	Region 27	0.21	-	-	0.10	-	-	0.70	-	1.78	-	-	2.48	-	0.00	-	0.00	-	0.00	-	0.00	-	0.90	-	-	0.90	-	-	
2	Region 28	0.24	0.12	0.36	0.04	0.00	0.08	0.96	0.92	1.00	0.73	0.68	0.78	1.69	1.60	1.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.90	0.50	1.30	0.90	0.50	1.30	
7	Region 29	0.50	0.22	1.07	0.39	0.08	1.00	0.58	0.40	0.90	0.85	0.22	1.28	1.43	0.62	2.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.75	0.08	4.90	1.75	0.08	4.90	
1	Region 33	0.20	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.44	-	0.22	-	-	0.66	-	0.00	-	0.00	-	0.00	-	0.00	-	1.50	-	-	1.50	-	-	
9	Region 35	0.59	0.08	1.42	0.87	0.00	1.50	0.98	0.44	1.48	1.02	0.08	3.70	2.01	0.66	5.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	1.24	0.82	0.00	1.80	0.82	0.00	1.80	
2	Region 36	0.90	0.40	1.40	0.37	0.34	0.40	1.09	0.66	1.52	1.41	1.40	1.42	2.50	2.06	2.94	1.60	0.00	3.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.64	0.08	5.20	2.64	0.08	5.20	
22	Ave. GM1	0.52	0.08	1.42	0.52	0.00	1.50	0.82	0.40	1.52	0.97	0.08	3.70	1.80	0.62	5.16	0.15	0.00	3.20	0.06	0.00	1.24	1.32	0.00	5.20	1.32	0.00	5.20	
	Min. GM1																												
	Max. GM1																												
GRADE: GM2																													
1	Region 24	1.90	-	-	2.40	-	-	0.64	-	1.20	-	-	1.84	-	0.00	-	0.00	-	0.00	-	0.00	-	0.90	-	-	0.90	-	-	
2	Region 35	1.79	1.58	2.00	1.93	1.60	2.25	0.74	0.68	0.80	1.39	0.88	1.90	2.13	1.68	2.58	0.90	0.00	1.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.24	0.54	0.39	0.24	0.54	
3	Ave. GM2	1.83	1.58	2.00	2.08	1.60	2.40	0.71	0.64	0.80	1.33	0.88	1.90	2.03	1.68	2.58	0.60	0.00	1.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.56	0.24	0.54	0.56	0.24	0.54	
	Min. GM2																												
	Max. GM2																												
GRADE: GM3																													
1	Region 29	2.86	-	-	1.74	-	-	1.10	-	1.16	-	-	2.26	-	1.20	-	8.00	-	9.20	-	8.00	-	0.70	-	-	0.70	-	-	
2	Region 35	1.48	0.46	2.50	0.71	0.50	0.92	1.32	0.82	1.82	0.85	0.72	0.98	2.17	1.54	2.80	3.21	0.00	6.42	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.54	0.27	0.00	0.54	
3	Ave. GM3	1.94	0.46	2.86	1.05	0.50	1.74	1.25	0.82	1.82	0.95	0.72	1.16	2.20	1.54	2.80	2.54	0.00	6.42	2.67	0.00	8.00	0.41	0.00	0.70	0.41	0.00	0.70	
	Min. GM3																												
	Max. GM3																												
GRADE: COS																													
1	Region 29	0.48	-	-	1.80	-	-	0.92	-	3.00	-	-	3.92	-	40.00	-	40.00	-	40.00	-	0.00	-	1.70	-	-	1.70	-	-	
1	Region 35	0.22	-	-	0.20	-	-	0.80	-	0.88	-	-	1.68	-	35.90	-	35.90	-	35.90	-	0.00	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	-	-	
2	Ave. COS	0.35	0.22	0.48	1.00	0.20	1.80	0.86	0.80	0.92	1.94	0.88	3.00	2.80	1.68	3.92	37.95	35.90	40.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.85	0.00	1.70	0.85	0.00	1.70	
	Min. COS																												
	Max. COS																												

TABLE 4: GRADING RESULTS OF SORGHUM ACCORDING TO GRADE (2020/21) (continue)

Number of samples	Region	Foreign matter, %			Unthreshed sorghum, %			Defective sorghum, %			Small kernel sorghum, %			Total of defective sorghum and small kernel sorghum, %			Sorghum of another group, %			White sorghum, %			Total of Sorghum of another group and White Sorghum, %			Weather-Stained Sorghum, %			
		ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	
GRADE: GH1																													
1	Region 18	0.26	-	-	1.88	-	-	0.60	-	-	0.84	-	1.44	-	-	0.00	-	0.00	-	0.00	-	0.00	-	0.18	-	-	-	-	-
2	Region 19	0.49	0.24	0.74	0.86	0.50	1.22	0.72	0.40	1.04	1.36	0.80	1.92	2.08	1.20	2.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1	Region 29	0.52	-	-	0.12	-	-	0.98	-	-	3.00	-	3.98	-	-	0.00	-	0.00	-	0.00	-	0.00	-	0.50	-	-	-	-	-
2	Region 33	0.32	0.26	0.37	0.39	0.08	0.70	0.70	0.54	0.85	0.50	0.37	0.62	1.19	0.91	1.47	0.50	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.30	0.90	0.60	0.30	0.90	
3	Region 35	0.27	0.10	0.60	0.31	0.12	0.52	0.63	0.56	0.70	0.94	0.56	1.32	1.57	1.20	1.88	0.33	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.00	0.70	0.23	0.00	0.70	
9	Ave. GH1	0.36			0.60			0.70			1.15		1.85			0.22		0.91		0.91		0.00		0.29			0.29		
	Min. GH1	0.10			0.08			0.40			0.37		0.40			0.37		1.04		1.04		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00		0.00
	Max. GH1	0.74			1.88			1.04			3.00		3.98			3.00		3.98		3.98		1.00		1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
GRADE: GH2																													
1	Region 19	2.78	-	-	2.30	-	-	2.30	-	-	2.92	-	5.22	-	-	0.00	-	0.00	-	0.00	-	0.00	-	0.00	-	-	-	-	-
1	Ave. GH2	2.78			2.30			2.30			2.92		5.22			0.00		5.22		5.22		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00		0.00
	Min. GH2	-			-			-			-		-			-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	-
	Max. GH2	-			-			-			-		-			-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	-
GRADE: COS																													
1	Region 24	3.50	-	-	2.52	-	-	0.50	-	-	0.62	-	1.12	-	-	0.40	-	0.40	-	0.40	-	0.00	-	0.10	-	-	-	-	-
1	Ave. COS	3.50			2.52			0.50			0.62		1.12			0.40		1.12		1.12		0.00		0.10		0.10			
	Min. COS	-			-			-			-		-			-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	-
	Max. COS	-			-			-			-		-			-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	-
41	Ave. sorghum	0.81	0.08	3.50	0.81	0.00	2.52	0.85	0.40	2.30	1.12	0.08	3.70	1.97	0.62	5.22	2.22	0.00	40.00	0.23	0.00	8.00	2.43	0.00	40.00	0.89	0.00	5.20	
	Min. sorghum																												
	Max. sorghum																												

TABLE 5: GRADING RESULTS OF SORGHUM ACCORDING TO CLASS (2020/21)

Number of samples	Region	Foreign matter, %			Unthreshed sorghum, %			Defective sorghum, %			Small kernel sorghum, %			Total of defective sorghum and small kernel sorghum, %			Sorghum of another group, %			White sorghum, %			Total of Sorghum of another group and White Sorghum, %			Weather-Stained Sorghum, %			
		ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	
CLASS: GM																													
1	Region 24	1.90	-	-	2.40	-	-	0.64	-	-	1.20	-	-	1.84	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.90	-	-	
1	Region 27	0.21	-	-	0.10	-	-	0.70	-	-	1.78	-	-	2.48	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.90	-	-	
2	Region 28	0.24	0.12	0.36	0.04	0.00	0.08	0.96	0.92	1.00	0.73	0.68	0.78	1.69	1.60	1.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.90	0.50	1.30		
9	Region 29	0.76	0.22	2.86	0.70	0.08	1.80	0.67	0.40	1.10	1.12	0.22	3.00	1.80	0.62	3.92	4.58	0.00	40.00	0.89	0.00	8.00	5.47	0.00	40.00	1.62	0.08	4.90	
1	Region 33	0.20	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.44	-	-	0.22	-	-	0.66	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	-	-	1.50	-	-	
14	Region 35	0.86	0.08	2.50	0.95	0.00	2.25	0.98	0.44	1.82	1.04	0.08	3.70	2.02	0.66	5.16	3.15	0.00	35.90	0.09	0.00	1.24	3.24	0.00	35.90	0.62	0.00	1.80	
2	Region 36	0.90	0.40	1.40	0.37	0.34	0.40	1.09	0.66	1.52	1.41	1.40	1.42	2.50	2.06	2.94	1.60	0.00	3.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.60	0.00	3.20	2.64	0.08	5.20	
30	Ave. GM	0.78			0.76			0.86			1.07			1.93			2.95			0.31			3.26			1.12			
	Min. GM	0.08			0.00			0.40			0.08			0.62			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			
	Max. GM	2.86			2.40			1.82			3.70			5.16			40.00			8.00			40.00			5.20			
CLASS: GH																													
1	Region 18	0.26	-	-	1.88	-	-	0.60	-	-	0.84	-	-	1.44	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.18	-	-	
3	Region 19	1.25	0.24	2.78	1.34	0.50	2.30	1.25	0.40	2.30	1.88	0.80	2.92	3.13	1.20	5.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1	Region 24	3.50	-	-	2.52	-	-	0.50	-	-	0.62	-	-	1.12	-	-	0.40	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.10	-	-	
1	Region 29	0.52	-	-	0.12	-	-	0.98	-	-	3.00	-	-	3.98	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	-	-	0.50	-	-	
2	Region 33	0.32	0.26	0.37	0.39	0.08	0.70	0.70	0.54	0.85	0.50	0.37	0.62	1.19	0.91	1.47	0.50	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00	1.00	0.60	0.30	0.90	
3	Region 35	0.27	0.10	0.60	0.31	0.12	0.52	0.63	0.56	0.70	0.94	0.56	1.32	1.57	1.20	1.88	0.33	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00	1.00	0.23	0.00	0.70	
11	Ave. GH	0.86			0.93			0.83			1.26			2.09			0.22			0.00			0.18			0.24			
	Min. GH	0.10			0.08			0.40			0.37			0.91			0.00			0.00			0.00			0.00			
	Max. GH	3.50			2.52			2.30			3.00			5.22			1.00			0.00			1.00			0.90			

TABLE 6: PHYSICAL PARAMETERS & IMAGE ANALYSIS OF SORGHUM ACCORDING TO GRADE (2020/21)

Number of samples	Region	Test weight, kg/hl			1000 Kernel mass, g			Image Analysis Length (mm) Average			Image Analysis Length (mm) Std Dev			Width (mm) Average			Width (mm) Std Dev			Elongation (%) Average			Elongation (%) Std Dev			Volume to surface ratio (%) Average			Volume to surface ratio (%) Std Dev		
		ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.
GRADE: GM1																															
1	Region 27	81.3	-	-	23.3	-	-	4.30	-	-	0.25	-	-	3.84	-	-	0.18	-	-	89	-	-	4.7	-	-	69	-	-	3.3	-	-
2	Region 28	80.5	79.8	81.1	29.3	27.5	31.0	4.29	4.18	4.40	0.26	0.24	0.28	3.87	3.84	3.90	0.20	0.19	0.21	90	89	92	4.7	4.4	5.0	69	68	70	3.6	3.3	3.8
7	Region 29	80.4	76.8	82.3	27.4	23.2	29.2	4.26	4.19	4.35	0.24	0.22	0.26	3.89	3.83	3.96	0.20	0.18	0.24	91	90	93	4.8	4.3	5.3	69	68	70	3.4	3.0	3.9
1	Region 33	83.4	-	-	29.0	-	-	4.36	-	-	0.28	-	-	3.94	-	-	0.19	-	-	91	-	-	4.7	-	-	68	-	-	3.0	-	-
9	Region 35	77.1	65.0	81.2	28.2	20.1	31.4	4.66	4.20	4.86	0.31	0.26	0.36	3.80	3.58	3.90	0.21	0.16	0.25	82	80	85	5.4	4.9	5.9	72	66	74	3.8	3.1	4.6
2	Region 36	80.1	78.7	81.4	25.9	25.5	26.3	4.28	4.19	4.36	0.24	0.23	0.25	3.84	3.84	3.84	0.19	0.17	0.20	90	88	92	4.2	4.0	4.5	69	68	69	3.2	2.9	3.5
22	Ave. GM1	79.2			27.6			4.44			0.27			3.85			0.20			87			5.0			70			3.5		
	Min. GM1	65.0			20.1			4.18			0.22			3.58			0.16			80			4.0			66			2.9		
	Max. GM1	83.4			31.4			4.86			0.36			3.96			0.25			93			5.9			74			4.6		
GRADE: GM2																															
1	Region 24	73.0	-	-	28.1	-	-	4.68	-	-	0.29	-	-	3.86	-	-	0.19	-	-	83	-	-	5.2	-	-	73	-	-	3.4	-	-
2	Region 35	73.9	72.4	75.4	23.0	21.5	24.4	4.40	4.29	4.51	0.25	0.23	0.27	3.87	3.85	3.89	0.21	0.20	0.21	88	86	91	4.4	4.3	4.6	70	69	71	3.5	3.3	3.7
3	Ave. GM2	73.6			24.7			4.49			0.26			3.87			0.20			86			4.7			71			3.5		
	Min. GM2	72.4			21.5			4.29			0.23			3.85			0.19			83			4.3			69			3.3		
	Max. GM2	75.4			28.1			4.68			0.29			3.89			0.21			91			5.2			73			3.7		
GRADE: GM3																															
1	Region 29	76.6	-	-	26.1	-	-	4.30	-	-	0.25	-	-	3.89	-	-	0.21	-	-	91	-	-	4.7	-	-	69	-	-	3.4	-	-
2	Region 35	76.4	73.1	79.7	27.5	23.1	31.8	4.60	4.36	4.84	0.31	0.28	0.33	3.77	3.69	3.85	0.20	0.18	0.22	82	80	85	5.3	4.9	5.7	71	68	74	3.8	3.7	3.9
3	Ave. GM3	76.5			27.0			4.50			0.29			3.81			0.20			85			5.1			70			3.7		
	Min. GM3	73.1			23.1			4.30			0.25			3.69			0.18			80			4.7			68			3.4		
	Max. GM3	79.7			31.8			4.84			0.33			3.89			0.22			91			5.7			74			3.9		
GRADE: COS																															
1	Region 29	79.4	-	-	27.4	-	-	4.19	-	-	0.31	-	-	3.82	-	-	0.26	-	-	91	-	-	5.3	-	-	68	-	-	4.4	-	-
1	Region 35	79.6	-	-	29.5	-	-	4.32	-	-	0.30	-	-	3.76	-	-	0.19	-	-	87	-	-	5.8	-	-	68	-	-	3.7	-	-
2	Ave. COS	79.5			28.5			4.25			0.31			3.79			0.23			89			5.5			68			4.1		
	Min. COS	79.4			27.4			4.19			0.30			3.76			0.19			87			5.3			68			3.7		
	Max. COS	79.6			29.5			4.32			0.31			3.82			0.26			91			5.8			68			4.4		

TABLE 6: PHYSICAL PARAMETERS & IMAGE ANALYSIS OF SORGHUM ACCORDING TO GRADE (2020/21)
(continue)

Number of samples	Region	Test weight, kg/htl			1000 Kernel mass, g			Image Analysis Length (mm) Average			Image Analysis Length (mm) Std Dev			Width (mm) Average			Width (mm) Std Dev			Elongation (%) Average			Elongation (%) Std Dev			Volume to surface ratio (%) Average			Volume to surface ratio (%) Std Dev		
		ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.
GRADE: GH1																															
1	Region 18	74.5	-	-	26.6	-	-	4.18	-	-	0.24	-	-	3.88	-	-	0.22	-	-	93	-	-	3.9	-	-	68	-	-	3.6	-	-
2	Region 19	74.4	72.8	75.9	23.2	22.0	24.4	4.19	4.12	4.26	0.25	0.24	0.26	3.79	3.77	3.81	0.21	0.20	0.22	91	90	92	5.0	5.0	5.1	67	66	68	3.5	3.5	3.5
1	Region 29	78.1	-	-	27.0	-	-	4.03	-	-	0.27	-	-	3.61	-	-	0.21	-	-	90	-	-	5.5	-	-	65	-	-	3.6	-	-
2	Region 33	79.4	79.2	79.6	27.5	27.4	27.6	4.16	4.14	4.18	0.19	0.19	0.19	3.86	3.82	3.90	0.16	0.15	0.17	93	92	93	3.7	3.5	3.9	68	67	68	2.7	2.7	2.7
3	Region 35	78.8	78.2	79.6	27.1	25.6	28.8	4.20	3.88	4.39	0.25	0.22	0.26	3.73	3.51	3.85	0.18	0.16	0.21	89	88	91	4.4	4.0	5.0	67	62	70	3.2	3.0	3.5
9	Ave. GH1	77.4	-	-	26.3	-	-	4.17	-	-	0.24	-	-	3.78	-	-	0.19	-	-	91	-	-	4.5	-	-	67	-	-	3.3	-	-
	Min. GH1	72.8	-	-	22.0	-	-	3.88	-	-	0.19	-	-	3.51	-	-	0.15	-	-	88	-	-	3.5	-	-	62	-	-	2.7	-	-
	Max. GH1	79.6	-	-	28.8	-	-	4.39	-	-	0.27	-	-	3.90	-	-	0.22	-	-	93	-	-	5.5	-	-	70	-	-	3.6	-	-
GRADE: GH2																															
1	Region 19	61.1	-	-	25.3	-	-	4.26	-	-	0.28	-	-	3.83	-	-	0.19	-	-	90	-	-	4.9	-	-	68	-	-	3.6	-	-
1	Ave. GH2	61.1	-	-	25.3	-	-	4.26	-	-	0.28	-	-	3.83	-	-	0.19	-	-	90	-	-	4.9	-	-	68	-	-	3.6	-	-
	Min. GH2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Max. GH2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GRADE: COS																															
1	Region 24	71.8	-	-	26.9	-	-	4.30	-	-	0.23	-	-	3.83	-	-	0.16	-	-	89	-	-	4.4	-	-	69	-	-	2.9	-	-
1	Ave. COS	71.8	-	-	26.9	-	-	4.30	-	-	0.23	-	-	3.83	-	-	0.19	-	-	89	-	-	4.4	-	-	69	-	-	2.9	-	-
	Min. COS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Max. COS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
41	Ave. sorghum	77.6	61.1	-	27.0	20.1	-	4.37	3.88	-	0.27	0.19	-	3.83	3.51	-	0.20	0.15	-	88	80	-	4.9	3.5	-	69	62	-	3.5	2.7	-
	Min. sorghum	61.1	-	-	20.1	-	-	3.88	-	-	0.19	-	-	3.51	-	-	0.15	-	-	80	-	-	3.5	-	-	62	-	-	2.7	-	-
	Max. sorghum	83.4	-	-	31.8	-	-	4.86	-	-	0.36	-	-	3.96	-	-	0.26	-	-	93	-	-	5.9	-	-	74	-	-	4.6	-	-

TABLE 7: PHYSICAL PARAMETERS & IMAGE ANALYSIS OF SORGHUM ACCORDING TO CLASS (2020/21)

Number of samples	Region	Test weight, kg/hl			1000 Kernel mass, g			Image Analysis Length (mm) Average			Image Analysis Length (mm) Std Dev			Width (mm) Average			Width (mm) Std Dev			Elongation (%) Average			Elongation (%) Std Dev			Volume to surface ratio (%) Average			Volume to surface ratio (%) Std Dev		
		ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.
CLASS: GM																															
1	Region 24	73.0	-	-	28.1	-	-	4.68	-	-	0.29	-	-	3.86	-	-	0.19	-	-	83	-	-	5.2	-	-	73	-	-	3.4	-	-
1	Region 27	81.3	-	-	23.3	-	-	4.30	-	-	0.25	-	-	3.84	-	-	0.18	-	-	89	-	-	4.7	-	-	69	-	-	3.3	-	-
2	Region 28	80.5	79.8	81.1	29.3	27.5	31.0	4.29	4.18	4.40	0.26	0.24	0.28	3.87	3.84	3.90	0.20	0.19	0.21	90	89	92	4.7	4.4	5.0	69	68	70	3.6	3.3	3.8
9	Region 29	79.9	76.6	82.3	27.3	23.2	29.2	4.26	4.19	4.35	0.25	0.22	0.31	3.88	3.82	3.96	0.21	0.18	0.26	91	90	93	4.9	4.3	5.3	69	68	70	3.5	3.0	4.4
1	Region 33	83.4	-	-	29.0	-	-	4.36	-	-	0.28	-	-	3.94	-	-	0.19	-	-	91	-	-	4.7	-	-	68	-	-	3.0	-	-
14	Region 35	76.7	65.0	81.2	27.4	20.1	31.8	4.59	4.20	4.86	0.30	0.23	0.36	3.80	3.58	3.90	0.21	0.16	0.25	83	80	91	5.3	4.3	5.9	71	66	74	3.7	3.1	4.6
2	Region 36	80.1	78.7	81.4	25.9	25.5	26.3	4.28	4.19	4.36	0.24	0.23	0.25	3.84	3.84	3.84	0.19	0.17	0.20	90	88	92	4.2	4.0	4.5	69	68	69	3.2	2.9	3.5
30	Ave. GM	78.4			27.3			4.44			0.28			3.84			0.20			87			5.0			70			3.5		
	Min. GM	65.0			20.1			4.18			0.22			3.58			0.16			80			4.0			66			2.9		
	Max. GM	83.4			31.8			4.86			0.36			3.96			0.26			93			5.9			74			4.6		
CLASS: GH																															
1	Region 18	74.5	-	-	26.6	-	-	4.18	-	-	0.24	-	-	3.88	-	-	0.22	-	-	93	-	-	3.9	-	-	68	-	-	3.6	-	-
3	Region 19	69.9	61.1	75.9	23.9	22.0	25.3	4.21	4.12	4.26	0.26	0.24	0.28	3.80	3.77	3.83	0.21	0.19	0.22	90	90	92	5.0	4.9	5.1	68	66	68	3.5	3.5	3.6
1	Region 24	71.8	-	-	26.9	-	-	4.30	-	-	0.23	-	-	3.83	-	-	0.16	-	-	89	-	-	4.4	-	-	69	-	-	2.9	-	-
1	Region 29	78.1	-	-	27.0	-	-	4.03	-	-	0.27	-	-	3.61	-	-	0.21	-	-	90	-	-	5.5	-	-	65	-	-	3.6	-	-
2	Region 33	79.4	79.2	79.6	27.5	27.4	27.6	4.16	4.14	4.18	0.19	0.19	0.19	3.86	3.82	3.90	0.16	0.15	0.17	93	92	93	3.7	3.5	3.9	68	67	68	2.7	2.7	2.7
3	Region 35	78.8	78.2	79.6	27.1	25.6	28.8	4.20	3.88	4.39	0.25	0.22	0.26	3.73	3.51	3.85	0.18	0.16	0.21	89	88	91	4.4	4.0	5.0	67	62	70	3.2	3.0	3.5
11	Ave. GH	75.4			26.2			4.19			0.24			3.79			0.19			91			4.5			67			3.3		
	Min. GH	61.1			22.0			3.88			0.19			3.51			0.15			88			3.5			62			2.7		
	Max. GH	79.6			28.8			4.39			0.28			3.90			0.22			93			5.5			70			3.6		

TABLE 8: NUTRITIONAL VALUES OF SORGHUM ACCORDING TO GRADE (2020/21)

Number of samples	Region	Moisture, %			Protein, % (db)			Starch content, % (db)			Hunterlab Colour								
											L			a			b		
		ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.
GRADE: GM1																			
1	Region 27	11.2	-	-	10.0	-	-	76.0	-	-	72.72	-	-	5.20	-	-	10.50	-	-
2	Region 28	11.4	11.3	11.4	10.0	8.3	11.6	77.2	75.5	78.8	72.99	72.81	73.17	5.02	4.73	5.31	10.20	10.17	10.22
7	Region 29	11.4	11.2	11.8	10.8	10.3	11.5	75.4	73.1	77.4	72.62	70.90	73.50	4.87	4.44	5.36	10.25	9.59	10.55
1	Region 33	11.4	-	-	10.5	-	-	77.0	-	-	74.25	-	-	4.56	-	-	10.63	-	-
9	Region 35	11.0	10.7	11.3	11.1	10.3	13.2	73.5	68.5	76.0	72.54	71.29	74.83	4.73	4.33	5.09	10.46	9.85	11.04
2	Region 36	11.7	11.6	11.7	10.6	9.9	11.4	73.7	72.2	75.2	70.19	68.72	71.66	4.93	4.57	5.29	9.94	9.40	10.48
22	Ave. GM1	11.3			10.8			74.7			72.48			4.83			10.33		
	Min. GM1	10.7			8.3			68.5			68.72			4.33			9.40		
	Max. GM1	11.8			13.2			78.8			74.83			5.36			11.04		
GRADE: GM2																			
1	Region 24	12.6	-	-	7.2	-	-	74.0	-	-	71.91	-	-	5.81	-	-	9.20	-	-
2	Region 35	11.0	10.9	11.1	12.7	12.3	13.2	71.9	71.8	72.0	73.18	72.96	73.40	4.48	4.36	4.59	10.38	10.14	10.62
3	Ave. GM2	11.5			10.9			72.6			72.76			4.92			9.99		
	Min. GM2	10.9			7.2			71.8			71.91			4.36			9.20		
	Max. GM2	12.6			13.2			74.0			73.40			5.81			10.62		
GRADE: GM3																			
1	Region 29	11.6	-	-	10.6	-	-	77.2	-	-	74.88	-	-	3.63	-	-	10.67	-	-
2	Region 35	10.7	10.2	11.1	9.9	9.4	10.5	72.3	72.2	72.4	72.98	72.83	73.13	4.77	4.61	4.93	9.96	9.40	10.52
3	Ave. GM3	11.0			10.1			73.9			73.61			4.39			10.20		
	Min. GM3	10.2			9.4			72.2			72.83			3.63			9.40		
	Max. GM3	11.6			10.6			77.2			74.88			4.93			10.67		
GRADE: COS																			
1	Region 29	11.3	-	-	11.5	-	-	73.6	-	-	69.21	-	-	4.92	-	-	9.36	-	-
1	Region 35	11.2	11.2	11.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	74.9	74.9	74.9	71.03	71.03	71.03	4.88	4.88	4.88	10.25	10.25	10.25
2	Ave. COS	11.3			10.8			74.3			70.12			4.90			9.81		
	Min. COS	11.2			10.2			73.6			69.21			4.88			9.36		
	Max. COS	11.3			11.5			74.9			71.03			4.92			10.25		
GRADE: GH1																			
1	Region 18	11.8	-	-	10.7	-	-	73.8	-	-	68.84	-	-	4.70	-	-	8.85	-	-
2	Region 19	11.7	11.5	11.8	9.8	9.6	9.9	73.6	73.2	74.0	70.27	70.03	70.51	4.54	4.51	4.56	8.79	8.74	8.83
1	Region 29	11.6	-	-	10.5	-	-	72.3	-	-	69.11	-	-	4.44	-	-	8.61	-	-
2	Region 33	11.8	11.7	11.8	9.2	8.4	9.9	73.8	73.8	73.8	66.92	66.86	66.98	5.30	4.99	5.61	9.35	9.33	9.36
3	Region 35	11.1	10.3	11.5	10.0	9.3	10.6	73.8	72.9	75.4	67.76	66.75	68.81	5.23	4.90	5.69	9.47	9.37	9.58
9	Ave. GH1	11.5			9.9			73.6			68.40			4.94			9.13		
	Min. GH1	10.3			8.4			72.3			66.75			4.44			8.61		
	Max. GH1	11.8			10.7			75.4			70.51			5.69			9.58		
GRADE: GH2																			
1	Region 19	13.6	-	-	10.7	-	-	73.3	-	-	67.38	-	-	4.91	-	-	9.53	-	-
1	Ave. GH2	13.6			10.7			73.3			67.38			4.91			9.53		
	Min. GH2	-			-			-			-			-			-		
	Max. GH2	-			-			-			-			-			-		
GRADE: COS																			
1	Region 24	13.0	-	-	6.6	-	-	76.3	-	-	68.05	-	-	5.35	-	-	9.22	-	-
1	Ave. COS	13.0			6.6			76.3			68.05			5.35			9.22		
	Min. COS	-			-			-			-			-			-		
	Max. COS	-			-			-			-			-			-		
41	Ave. sorghum	11.4			10.5			74.2			71.34			4.85			9.96		
	Min. sorghum	10.2			6.6			68.5			66.75			3.63			8.61		
	Max. sorghum	13.6			13.2			78.8			74.88			5.81			11.04		

TABLE 9: NUTRITIONAL VALUES OF SORGHUM ACCORDING TO CLASS (2020/21)

Number of samples	Region	Moisture, %			Protein, % (db)			Starch content, % (db)			Hunterlab Colour								
											L			a			b		
		ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.	ave.	min.	max.
CLASS: GM																			
1	Region 24	12.6	-	-	7.2	-	-	74.0	-	-	71.91	-	-	5.81	-	-	9.20	-	-
1	Region 27	11.2	-	-	10.0	-	-	76.0	-	-	72.72	-	-	5.20	-	-	10.50	-	-
2	Region 28	11.4	11.3	11.4	10.0	8.3	11.6	77.2	75.5	78.8	72.99	72.81	73.17	5.02	4.73	5.31	10.20	10.17	10.22
9	Region 29	11.4	11.2	11.8	10.9	10.3	11.5	75.4	73.1	77.4	72.49	69.21	74.88	4.73	3.63	5.36	10.20	9.36	10.67
1	Region 33	11.4	-	-	10.5	-	-	77.0	-	-	74.25	-	-	4.56	-	-	10.63	-	-
14	Region 35	11.0	10.2	11.3	11.1	9.4	13.2	73.2	68.5	76.0	72.59	71.03	74.83	4.71	4.33	5.09	10.36	9.40	11.04
2	Region 36	11.7	11.6	11.7	10.6	9.9	11.4	73.7	72.2	75.2	70.19	68.72	71.66	4.93	4.57	5.29	9.94	9.40	10.48
30	Ave. GM	11.3			10.7			74.4			72.46			4.80			10.25		
	Min. GM	10.2		7.2		68.5		68.72		3.63		9.20							
	Max. GM	12.6		13.2		78.8		74.88		5.81		11.04							
CLASS: GH																			
1	Region 18	11.8	-	-	10.7	-	-	73.8	-	-	68.84	-	-	4.70	-	-	8.85	-	-
3	Region 19	12.3	11.5	13.6	10.1	9.6	10.7	73.5	73.2	74.0	69.31	67.38	70.51	4.66	4.51	4.91	9.03	8.74	9.53
1	Region 24	13.0	-	-	6.6	-	-	76.3	-	-	68.05	-	-	5.35	-	-	9.22	-	-
1	Region 29	11.6	-	-	10.5	-	-	72.3	-	-	69.11	-	-	4.44	-	-	8.61	-	-
2	Region 33	11.8	11.7	11.8	9.2	8.4	9.9	73.8	73.8	73.8	66.92	66.86	66.98	5.30	4.99	5.61	9.35	9.33	9.36
3	Region 35	11.1	10.3	11.5	10.0	9.3	10.6	73.8	72.9	75.4	67.76	66.75	68.81	5.23	4.90	5.69	9.47	9.37	9.58
11	Ave. GH	11.8			9.7			73.8			68.28			4.98			9.17		
	Min. GH	10.3		6.6		72.3		66.75		4.44		8.61							
	Max. GH	13.6		10.7		76.3		70.51		5.69		9.58							

TABLE 10: MYCOTOXIN RESULTS - SORGHUM CROP QUALITY 2020/21

Region	Grade	Aflatoxin µg/kg					Total	Fumonisin µg/kg				Total	DON µg/kg LOQ: 100 µg/kg	15-ADON µg/kg LOQ: 100 µg/kg	Ochratoxin A µg/kg LOQ: 5 µg/kg	Zearalenone µg/kg LOQ: 20 µg/kg	HT-2 µg/kg LOQ: 20 µg/kg	T-2 µg/kg LOQ: 20 µg/kg
		B ₁ LOQ: 5 µg/kg	B ₂ LOQ: 5 µg/kg	G ₁ LOQ: 5 µg/kg	G ₂ LOQ: 5 µg/kg	Total		B ₁ LOQ: 20 µg/kg	B ₂ LOQ: 20 µg/kg	B ₃ LOQ: 20 µg/kg	Total							
18	GH1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
19	GH1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
19	GH2	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
19	GH1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
24	COS	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
24	GM2	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
27	GM1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
28	GM1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
28	GM1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
29	COS	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
29	GM1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
29	GM1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
29	GM1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
29	GH1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
29	GM1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
29	GM1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
29	GM1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
29	GM1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
29	GM3	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
33	GM1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
33	GH1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
33	GH1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
35	GM1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
35	GH1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
35	GM1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
35	GM1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND

TABLE 10: MYCOTOXIN RESULTS - SORGHUM CROP QUALITY 2020/21 (continue)

Region	Grade	Aflatoxin µg/kg					Fumonisin µg/kg				DON µg/kg	15-ADON µg/kg	Ochratoxin A µg/kg	Zearalenone µg/kg	HT-2 µg/kg	T-2 µg/kg
		B ₁	B ₂	G ₁	G ₂	Total	B ₁	B ₂	B ₃	Total						
		LOQ: 5 µg/kg	LOQ: 5 µg/kg	LOQ: 5 µg/kg	LOQ: 5 µg/kg		LOQ: 20 µg/kg	LOQ: 20 µg/kg	LOQ: 20 µg/kg	LOQ: 20 µg/kg						
35	GM1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
35	COS	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
35	GM1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
35	GM1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
35	GH1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
35	GM3	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
35	GM1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
35	GM3	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
35	GH1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
35	GM1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
35	GM1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
35	GM2	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
35	GM1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
36	GM1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
36	GM1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Total number of samples		41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41
Average of total number of samples		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Number of positive results		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Average of positive results		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maximum of positive results		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note:
 Limit of quantitation (LOQ) means the lowest concentration level that can be quantified with acceptable precision and accuracy by the LC-MS/MS.
 A concentration measured below the LOQ is reported as <LOQ.
 Limit of detection (LOD) is the lowest concentration level that can be detected but not quantified and is 50% of the LOQ of each mycotoxin.
 A concentration measured below the LOD is reported as not detected (ND).
 µg/kg = ppb (parts per billion)

METHODS

Sampling procedure

A working group determined the procedure to be followed to ensure that the crop quality samples sent to the SAGL by the various grain silo owners, were representative of the total crop.

Each delivery was sampled as per the grading regulations for grading purposes.

After grading, the grading samples were placed in separate containers according to class and grade, per silo bin at each silo.

After 80% of the expected harvest had been received, the content of each container was divided with a multi slot divider in order to obtain a 3 kg sample.

If there were more than one container per class and grade per silo bin, the combined contents of the containers were mixed thoroughly before dividing it with a multi slot divider to obtain the required 3 kg sample.

The samples were marked clearly with the name of the depot, the bin/bag/bunker number(s) represented by each individual sample as well as the class and grade and were then forwarded to the SAGL.

Grading

Full grading was done in accordance with the Regulations relating to the Grading, Packing and Marking of Sorghum intended for sale in the Republic of South Africa (Government Notice NO. R. 15 of 08 January 2016).

See pages 37 to 46 of this report.

Test weight

Test weight, providing a measure of the bulk density of grain and oilseeds, was determined according to ISO 7971-3:2019, by means of the Kern 222 instrument.

To calculate the bulk density ρ , expressed in kilogram per hectolitre (kg/hl), the following equation was applied: $\rho = 0.1002 m + 0.53$. This is the equation used for wheat, since an equation for sorghum is not available.

The test weight analyses were done on unscreened sorghum samples.

Thousand kernel mass

This is the weight in grams of one thousand kernels of grain and provides a measure of grain size and density. This determination does not include kernels that are broken or chipped and is done according to Industry Accepted Method 008 using a seed counter. Thousand kernel mass is reported on a 14% moisture basis.

Determination of sorghum kernel size by means of image analysis

Sorghum kernels were photographed on a Panasonic Lumix digital camera (DNC-LX3). Photos were analysed afterwards, using Digimizer version 4.0 software supplied by Medcalc (www.digimizer.com), to measure the size of the sorghum kernels. Photos of the samples are stored in a database. The following measurements were taken:

- Maximum length (indicated as “Length”), measured in millimeters (mm)
- Width (indicated as “Width”, calculated at a 90° angle from the maximum length of an object), measured in millimeters (mm)
- Elongation (% Width/Length or W/L%).

Milling

All samples requiring milling were milled on a Retch ZM 200 mill fitted with a 0.5 mm screen.

Moisture

The moisture content of the milled grain was determined using ICC Standard 110/1 (latest edition). This method determines moisture content as a loss in weight of a sample when dried in a hot air ventilation oven at 130 °C for 2 hours. Moisture content results were used to report % starch and % protein on a dry basis (db).

Crude Protein

The Dumas combustion analysis technique was used to determine the crude protein content, according to AACCI method 46-30.01, latest edition.

This method prescribes a generic combustion method for the determination of crude protein. Combustion at high temperature in pure oxygen sets nitrogen free, which is measured by thermal conductivity detection. The total nitrogen content of the sample is determined and converted to equivalent protein by multiplication with a factor of 6.25 to obtain the crude protein content.

Total Starch Content

Determination of the total starch content was according to the SAGL In-house method 019, a polarimetric method based on the modified Ewers method. The starch content is released from the sample by boiling in dilute hydrochloric acid. The starch solution in the filtrate is determined by measuring the angle of polarisation or optical rotation of the filtrate with a polarimeter. The acid also helps to break down the endosperm tissue, ensuring complete release of the starch granules from the protein matrix. Substances, which may interfere with the measurement, are removed by filtration.

Mycotoxin analyses

Mycotoxins are fungal metabolites, toxic to animals and humans, that are produced by moulds commonly found in almost all types of grain. Aside from health risks, mycotoxin contamination can also reduce the value of the crops. Environmental factors such as temperature, humidity, soil and storage conditions influence toxin production.

SAGL implements a validated SAGL In-house multi-mycotoxin screening method using UPLC - MS/MS. A sub-sample of each sorghum sample was milled and tested for Aflatoxin B₁; B₂; G₁; G₂, Fumonisin B₁; B₂; B₃, Deoxynivalenol, 15-ADON, HT2 Toxin, T-2 Toxin, Zearalenone and Ochratoxin A.

Dehulling of samples

Each sorghum sample was sieved and the fraction below the 4 mm and above the 3.55 mm sieve was dehulled by means of a Barley pearler. This fraction was selected to obtain an indication of comparative hardness and to eliminate difference due to kernels size. Tests were conducted using 150 g of sample with a dehulling time of 70 seconds. These parameters are based on results obtained on the outcomes of a processing application project funded by the Sorghum Trust. Barley pearler fractions are sieved into three fractions:

- > 1.8 mm slotted sieve
- < 1.8 mm slotted sieve and > 2.38 mm round hole sieve, and
- < 2.38 mm round hole sieve.

The colour determinations for this project was done on the first fraction (> 1.8 mm).

Determination of colour

The Barley pearler fraction above the 1.8 mm slotted sieve was milled on a Retch mill through a 0.5 mm sieve. The milled samples' colour was determined with the Hunterlab ColorFlex EZ 45°/0° spectrophotometer with key parameters set on a 10° observer angle and daylight illuminant D65 according to SAGL Industry accepted method 004. The spectrophotometers operate in the Hunter L, a, b scale where:

- L measures lightness and varies from 100 for perfect white to zero for black, approximately as it would be evaluated by the eye. The chromaticity dimensions (a and b) give understandable designations of colour as follows:
- a measures redness when positive, grey when zero, and greenness when negative.
- b measures yellowness when positive, grey when zero, and blueness when negative.



CERTIFICATE OF ACCREDITATION

In terms of section 22(2) (b) of the Accreditation for Conformity Assessment, Calibration and Good Laboratory Practice Act, 2006 (Act 19 of 2006), read with sections 23(1), (2) and (3) of the said Act, I hereby certify that:-

SOUTHERN AFRICAN GRAIN LABORATORY NPC

Co. Reg. No.: 1997/018518/08

Facility Accreditation Number: **T0116**

is a South African National Accreditation System accredited facility provided that all conditions and requirements are complied with

This certificate is valid as per the scope as stated in the accompanying schedule of accreditation, Annexure "A", bearing the above accreditation number for

CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL ANALYSIS

The facility is accredited in accordance with the recognised International Standard

ISO/IEC 17025:2017

The accreditation demonstrates technical competency for a defined scope and the operation of a quality management system

While this certificate remains valid, the Accredited Facility named above is authorised to use the relevant accreditation symbol to issue facility reports and/or certificates


Mr R Josias

Chief Executive Officer

Effective Date: 01 November 2019
Certificate Expires: 31 October 2024



Facility Number: T0116

ANNEXURE A
SCHEDULE OF ACCREDITATION

Facility Number: **T0116**

Permanent Address of Laboratory:

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Technical Signatories:

Ms J Nortje (All Methods excl. In-house method 029)
Ms M Bothma (All Chemical Methods)
Ms A de Jager (Nutrients & Contaminants Methods)
Ms W Louw (In-house Methods 001, 002, 003, 010 & 026)
Ms D Moleke (Rheological Methods)
Mrs H Meyer (All Chemical, Nutrients and Contaminants & Grading Methods)
Ms J Kruger (All Chemical Methods)
Ms M Motlanthe (In-house Methods 001, 003 & 026)
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Issue No.: 32

Date of Issue: 19 November 2021

Expiry Date: 31 October 2024

Material or Products Tested	Type of Tests / Properties Measured, Range of Measurement	Standard Specifications, Techniques / Equipment Used
CHEMICAL		
Ground Barley	Moisture (Oven Method)	Analytical EBC Method 3.2, latest Edition (2 hour; 130°C)
Cereal and cereal products specifically-wheat, rice, (hulled paddy), barley, millet, rye, and oats as grain, semolina and flour	Moisture (Oven Method)	ICC Std No.110/1, Latest Edition (90 min; 130°C) (2 hour; 130°C)
Flour, semolina, bread, all kind of grains and cereal products and food products (except those that are sugar coated)	Moisture (Oven Method)	AACCI 44-15.02, Latest Edition (1 hour; 130°C) (72 hour; 103°C)

Facility Number: T0116

Maize Grits	Moisture (Oven Method)	Analytical EBC Method 6.2.2, latest edition (4 hours, 130 ⁰ C)
Animal feed, Plant tissue and Sunflower (Milled)	Moisture (Oven Method)	AgriLASA 2.1, Latest Edition (5 hours, 105 ⁰ C)
All flours, cereal grains, oilseeds and animal feeds	Nitrogen and protein (Combustion method - Dumas)	AACCI 46-30.01, Latest Edition
Cereal based food stuff	Dietary fibres (Total)	In-house method 012
Food stuff and feeds	Carbohydrates (by difference) (calculation) Energy value (calculation) Total digestible nutritional value (calculation)	SOP MC 23
Food Stuff and feeds	Determination of Ash	In-house method 011
Wheat Kernels	Moisture (Oven Method)	Government Gazette Wheat Regulation, Latest Edition (72 hour, 103 ⁰ C)
Flours of grains e.g. barley, oats, triticale, maize, rye, sorghum and wheat; oilseeds like soybeans and sunflower, feeds and mixed feeds and foodstuffs	Crude fat (Ether extraction by Soxhlet)	In-house method 024
Meal and flour of wheat, rye, barley, other grains, starch containing and malted products	Falling number	ICC Std 107/1, Latest Edition
NUTRIENTS AND CONTAMINANTS		
Vitamin fortified food and feed products and fortification mixes grain based	Vitamin A as all trans Retinol (Saponification) (HPLC)	In-house method 001
	Thiamine Mononitrate (HPLC) Riboflavin (HPLC) Nicotinamide (HPLC) Pyridoxine Hydrochloride (HPLC)	In-house method 002
	Folic Acid (HPLC)	In-house method 003
	Total Sodium (Na) Total Iron (Fe) Total Zinc (Zn)	In-house method 010

Facility Number: T0116

Yeast and Bread	Vitamin D ₂ (HPLC)	In-House method 029
Food and feed	Multi-Mycotoxin: -Aflatoxin G ₁ , B ₁ , G ₂ , B ₂ and total -Deoxynivalenol (DON), 15-ADON -Fumonisin B ₁ , B ₂ , B ₃ -Ochratoxin A -T2, HT-2 -Zearalenone	In-house method 026
GRADING		
Maize	Defective kernels (White maize/ yellow maize)	Government Gazette Maize Regulation, Latest Edition
Cereal as grains (Wheat, barley, rye and oats)	Hectolitre mass (Kern222)	ISO 7971-3, Latest edition
Wheat	Screenings	Government Gazette Wheat Grading Regulation, Latest Edition
RHEOLOGICAL		
Wheat flour	Alveograph (Rheological properties)	ICC Std.121, Latest Edition
Flours	Farinograph (Rheological properties)	AACCI 54.02, Latest Edition (Rheological behaviour of flour Farinograph: Constant Flour Weight procedure)
Hard, soft and durum wheat (flour and whole wheat flour)	Mixograph (Rheological properties)	Industry accepted method 020 (Based on AACCI 54-40.02, Latest Edition Mixograph Method)

Original Date of Accreditation: 01 November 1999

ISSUED BY THE SOUTH AFRICAN NATIONAL ACCREDITATION SYSTEM



Accreditation Manager



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GOVERNMENT NOTICES • GOEWERMENTSKENNISGEWINGS

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FISHERIES

NO. R. 15

08 JANUARY 2016

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCT STANDARDS ACT, 1990
(ACT No. 119 OF 1990)

REGULATIONS RELATING TO THE GRADING, PACKING AND MARKING OF SORGHUM INTENDED FOR SALE IN THE REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

The Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries acting under section 15 of the Agricultural Product Standards Act, 1990 (Act No. 119 of 1990), has

- (a) made the regulations in the Schedule;
- (b) determined that the said regulations shall come into operation on the date of publication; and
- (c) read together with section 3(1) of the said Act, repealed the Regulations published by Government Notice No.R.532 of 16 May 2008.

SCHEDULE

Definitions

1. In these regulations any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the Act shall have that meaning and, unless the context otherwise indicates --

"**animal filth**" means dead rodents, dead birds and dung;

"**another group**" in relation to --

- (a) sorghum of Class GM means sorghum that has a dark testa; and
- (b) sorghum of Class GH means sorghum that does not have a dark testa;

"**bulk container**" means any vehicle or container in which bulk sorghum is stored or transported;

"**consignment**" means --

- (a) a quantity of sorghum of the same class, which belongs to the same owner, delivered at any one time under cover of the same consignment note, delivery note or receipt note, or delivered by the same vehicle or bulk container, or loaded from the same bin of a grain elevator or from a ship's hold; or
- (b) in the case where a quantity referred to in paragraph (a), is subdivided into different grades, each such quantity of each of the different grades;

"**container**" means a bag or a bulk container;

"**dark testa**" means the testa layer of the sorghum that contains tannins of the condensed type;

"**defective sorghum**" means --

- (a) pieces of broken sorghum kernels; or
- (b) sorghum kernels --
 - (i) that are affected by fungi or diseases;

- (ii) of which the embryo skin is cracked due to germination;
- (iii) that have a green colour or shows other signs of immaturity; and
- (iv) that have been damaged by insects, rodents, cold, heat or in any other manner, but does not include weather-stained sorghum;

"foreign matter" means any matter or substance other than sorghum. Coal, dung and metal shall not be present in the consignment concerned;

"insect" means any live grain insect that is injurious to stored sorghum as well as other grains, irrespective of the stage of development of the insect;

"poisonous seeds" mean seeds or part of seeds of plant species that in terms of the Foodstuffs, Cosmetics and Disinfectants Act, 1972 (Act No. 64 of 1972), may represent a hazard to human or animal health when consumed, including seeds of *Argemone mexicana* L., *Convolvulus* spp., *Crotalaria* spp., *Datura* spp., *Ipomoea* spp., *Lolium temulentum*, *Ricinus communis* or *Xanthium* spp;

"small kernel sorghum" means whole sorghum kernels that pass through a standard sieve;

"sorghum" means the threshed, ripe seed of plants of *Sorghum bicolor* (L.) Moench, but excludes broom sorghum, hay sorghum or cane sorghum;

"standard sieve" means is a slotted sieve --

- (a) with a flat bottom of metal sheet of 1,00 mm thickness with rectangular slots of 12, 7 mm in length and 1, 8 mm in width with rounded ends. The spacing between the slots in the same row must be 2, 43 mm wide and the spacing between the rows of slots must be 2,0 mm wide. The slots must be alternately orientated, with a slot directly opposite the solid inter segment of the adjacent row of slots;
- (b) of which the upper surface of the sieve is smooth;
- (c) with a circular frame of suitable material with an inner diameter of at least 300 mm and maximum 310 mm and at least 50 mm high;
- (d) that fits onto a tray with a solid bottom and must be at least 20 mm above the bottom of the tray;

"the Act" means the Agricultural Product Standards Act, 1990 (Act No. 119 of 1990);

"unthreshed sorghum" means sorghum or pieces of sorghum still partially covered by glumes;

"weather-stained sorghum" means sorghum kernels of which more than one-third of the surface of the pericarp is distinctly discoloured by the weather, but does not include sorghum kernels with purple anthocyanic blotches in or on the pericarp; and

"white sorghum" means sorghum of which the pericarp does not display any of the shades of brown, red or yellow irrespective of any purple anthocyanic blotches in or on the pericarp.

Restriction on sale of sorghum

- 2. (1) No person shall sell a consignment of sorghum in the Republic of South Africa --
 - (a) unless the sorghum is sold according to the classes set out in regulation 3;

- (b) unless the sorghum complies with the standards for the class concerned as set out in regulation 4;
- (c) unless the sorghum complies with the grades of sorghum and the standards for grades set out in regulations 5 and 6 respectively;
- (d) unless the sorghum is packed in accordance with the packing requirements set out in regulation 7;
- (e) unless the containers or sale documents, as the case may be, are marked in accordance with the marking requirements set out in regulation 8; and
- (f) if such sorghum contains a substance that renders it unfit for human consumption or for processing into or utilisation thereof as food or feed.

(2) The Executive Officer may grant written exemption, entirely or partially, to any person on such conditions as he or she may deem necessary, from the provisions of sub-regulation (1).

PART I

QUALITY STANDARDS

Classes of sorghum

3. Sorghum shall be classified as --

- (a) Class GM;
- (b) Class GH; and
- (c) Class Other.

Standards for classes

4. (1) A consignment of sorghum shall be classified as Class GM Sorghum if it --
- (a) consists of malt sorghum that does not have a dark testa; and
 - (b) complies with the standards for the grade of Class GM sorghum as set out in regulation 6.
- (2) A consignment of sorghum shall be classified as Class GH sorghum if it --
- (a) consists of malt sorghum that has a dark testa; and
 - (b) complies with the standards for grades for Class GH Sorghum as set out in regulation 6.
- (3) A consignment of sorghum shall be classified as Class Other if it does not comply with the standards for Class GM, and GH Sorghum

Grades of sorghum

5. Sorghum shall be graded as --

- | | | | |
|-----|----------|-------|-----------|
| (a) | Class GM | (i) | Grade GM1 |
| | | (ii) | Grade GM2 |
| | | (iii) | Grade GM3 |

- | | | | |
|-----|----------|------|-----------|
| (b) | Class GH | (i) | Grade GH1 |
| | | (ii) | Grade GH2 |
- (c) No grades are determined for Class Other.

Standards for grades

6. (1) All grades of sorghum shall --
- (a) be free from black smearing as a result of smut;
 - (b) not contain 10 or more smut balls or portions of smut balls which are collectively equivalent to 10 or more smut balls, per 100 g of sorghum;
 - (c) be free from a musty, sour or other undesirable smell;
 - (d) be free from any substance that renders it unsuitable for human consumption or animal consumption or for processing into or utilisation thereof as food or feed;
 - (e) be free from stones, glass, metal, coal or dung;
 - (f) not contain more poisonous seeds than permitted in terms of the Foodstuffs, Cosmetics and Disinfectants Act, 1972 (Act No. 54 of 1972);
 - (g) with the exception of Class Other, be free from grain insects;
 - (h) with the exception of Class Other, have a moisture content of not more than 14 percent; and
 - (i) be free from animal filth.
- (2) Grades GM1, GM2, GM3, GH1 and GH2 shall not exceed the permissible deviations specified in columns 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 of the Table in the Annexure, respectively, with regard to the nature of deviation specified in column 1 of the said table.
- (3) The presence of purple anthocyanic blotches in or on the pericarp shall not be taken into consideration when determining the grade of a consignment of sorghum.

PART II

PACKING AND MARKING REQUIREMENTS

Packing requirements

7. Sorghum of different classes and grades shall be packed in different containers.

Marking requirements

8. (1) Each container or the accompanying sales documents of a consignment shall be marked or endorsed with the applicable class or grade of the sorghum or, in the case of sorghum that have been imported, the common name and the name of the country of origin thereof.

PART III
SAMPLING

Obtaining of sample

9. (1) A sample of a consignment of sorghum shall --
- (a) in the case of sorghum delivered in bags and subject to regulation 10, be obtained by sampling at least ten per cent of the bags chosen from that consignment at random, with a bag probe: Provided that at least 25 bags in a consignment shall be sampled and where a consignment consists of less than 25 bags, all the bags in that consignment shall be sampled; and
 - (b) in the case of sorghum delivered in bulk and subject to regulation 10, be obtained by sampling that consignment throughout the whole depth of the layer, in at least six different places, chosen at random in that bulk quantity, with a bulk sampling apparatus.
- (2) The collective sample obtained in sub-regulation (1) (a) or (b) shall --
- (a) have a total mass of at least 10 kg; and
 - (b) be thoroughly mixed before further examination.
- (3) If it is suspected that the sample referred to in sub-regulation (1)(a) is not representative of that consignment, an additional five percent of the remaining bags, chosen from that consignment at random, shall be emptied into a suitable bulk container and sampled in the manner contemplated in sub-regulation (1)(b).
- (4) A sample taken in terms of these regulations shall be deemed to be representative of the consignment from which it was taken.

Sampling if contents differ

10. (1) If, after an examination of the sorghum taken from different bags in a consignment in terms of regulation 9(1) (a), it appears that the contents of those bags differ substantially --
- (a) the bags concerned shall be placed separately;
 - (b) all the bags in the consignment concerned shall be sampled with a bag probe in order to do such separation; and
 - (c) each group of bags with similar contents in that consignment shall for the purposes of these regulations be deemed to be a separate consignment.
- (2) If, after the discharge of a consignment of sorghum in bulk has commenced, it is suspected that the consignment could be of a class or grade other than that determined by means of the initial sampling, the discharge shall immediately be stopped and the part of the consignment remaining in the bulk container as well as the sorghum already in the hopper shall be sampled anew with a bulk sampling apparatus or by catching, by means of a suitable container, at regular intervals quantities from the stream of sorghum flowing in bulk.

Working sample

11. (1) A working sample shall be obtained by dividing the representative sample of the representative or deviating sample of the consignment according to latest revision of the ICC (International Association for Cereal Chemistry) 101/1 method.

PART IV**INSPECTION METHODS*****Determination of class and presence of smut, undesirable smells, harmful substances, poisonous seeds, insects and animal filth***

12. A consignment or a sample of a consignment of sorghum shall be sensorially assessed or chemically analysed in order to determine --

- (a) the class thereof;
- (b) whether it is smeared black by smut;
- (c) whether it contains smut balls;
- (d) whether it has a musty, sour or other undesirable smell;
- (e) whether it contains any substance that renders it unsuitable for human consumption or for processing into or utilisation as food or feed;
- (f) whether it contains any poisonous seeds;
- (g) whether it contains any grain insects; and
- (h) whether it contains any animal filth.

Determination of percentage foreign matter

13. The percentage of foreign matter in a consignment of sorghum shall be determined as follows:

- (a) Obtain a working sample of at least 100 g of material from the sample of the consignment.
- (b) Remove all foreign matter by hand from the working sample and determine the mass thereof.
- (c) Express the mass thus determined, as a percentage of the mass of the working sample.
- (d) Such percentage shall represent the percentage of foreign matter in the consignment concerned.

Determination of percentage unthreshed sorghum

14. The percentage of unthreshed sorghum in a consignment of sorghum shall be determined as follows:

- (a) Obtain a working sample of at least 50 g of material from the sample from which all foreign matter has been removed.
- (b) Remove all unthreshed sorghum by hand from the working sample and determine the mass thereof.
- (c) Express the mass thus determined, as a percentage of the mass of the working sample.
- (d) Such percentage shall represent the percentage of unthreshed sorghum in the consignment concerned.

Determination of percentage defective sorghum content and percentage small kernel sorghum

15. The percentages of defective sorghum and small kernel sorghum in a consignment of sorghum shall be determined as follows:

- (a) Obtain a working sample of at least 50 g of material from a sample from which all foreign matter and unthreshed sorghum have been removed.
- (b) Place the working sample on a standard sieve.
- (c) Screen the working sample for 25 to 30 seconds by performing 30 movements of the standard sieve and collecting tray on an even horizontal surface and along the longitudinal axis of the slots of the sieve: Provided that each such movement shall consist of a to-and-fro movement of between 200 mm and 300 mm each.
- (d) Remove all defective grain sorghum kernels from those portions of the working sample that respectively remained in or on the standard sieve and were collected in the collecting tray and determine the joint mass thereof.
- (e) Express the mass thus determined, as a percentage of the mass of the working sample.
- (f) Such percentage shall represent the percentage of defective grain sorghum in the consignment concerned.
- (g) Determine the mass of the material that remained in the collecting tray after the removal of the defective sorghum kernels in terms of paragraph (d).
- (h) Express the mass thus determined as a percentage of the mass of the working sample.
- (i) Such percentage shall represent the percentage of small kernel sorghum in the consignment concerned.

Determination of percentage sorghum of another group

16. The percentage of sorghum of another group in a consignment of sorghum shall be determined as follows:

- (a) Obtain a working sample of at least 25 g of material from the sample from which all foreign matter, unthreshed sorghum, defective grain sorghum and small kernel sorghum have been removed.
- (b) Remove all sorghum of another group by hand from the working sample and determine the mass thereof.
- (c) Express the mass thus determined, as a percentage of the mass of the working sample.
- (d) Such percentage shall represent the percentage of sorghum of another group in the consignment concerned.

Determination of percentage white sorghum

17. The percentage of white sorghum in a consignment of sorghum shall be determined as follows:

- (a) Obtain a working sample of at least 25 g of material from the sample from which all foreign matter, unthreshed sorghum, defective sorghum and small kernel sorghum have been removed.

- (b) Remove all the white sorghum by hand from the working sample and determine the mass thereof.
- (c) Express the mass thus determined, as a percentage of the mass of the working sample.
- (d) Such percentage shall represent the percentage of white sorghum in the consignment concerned.

Determination of percentage weather-stained sorghum

18. The percentage of weather-stained sorghum in a consignment shall be determined as follows:
- (a) Obtain a working sample of at least 10 g of material from the sample from which all foreign matter, unthreshed sorghum, defective sorghum and small kernel sorghum have been removed.
 - (b) Remove all the weather-stained sorghum by hand from the working sample and determine the mass thereof.
 - (c) Express the mass thus determined, as a percentage of the mass of the working sample.
 - (d) Such percentage shall represent the percentage of weather-stained sorghum in the consignment concerned.

Determination of moisture content

19. The moisture content of a consignment of sorghum may be determined according to any suitable method: Provided that the results thus obtained complies with the maximum permitted errors for a class 1 moisture meter as detailed in ISO 7700/1-1984(E), based upon result of the 72 hour, 103°C oven dried method [the latest revision of the AACCI (American Association of Cereal Chemists International) Method 44-15A]

PART V

OFFENCES AND PENALTIES

20. Any person who contravenes or fails to comply with any provision of these regulations shall be guilty of an offence and upon conviction be liable to a fine or imprisonment in terms of section 11 of the Act.

**ANNEXURE A
TABLE**

PERMISSIBLE DEVIATIONS SORGHUM

1	2	3	4	5	6
Nature of deviation	Maximum extent to which defects are permissible in percentages				
	Grade GM1	Grade GM2	Grade GM3	Grade GH1	Grade GH2
1. Foreign matter (Reg 13)	1,5	2,0	3,0	1,5	3,0
2. Unthreshed sorghum (Reg14)	4,0	6,0	12,0	4,0	20,0
3. Defective sorghum (Reg 15)	3,0	10,0	20,0	3,0	20,0
4. Small kernel sorghum (Reg 15)	8,0	10,0	20,0	8,0	20,0
5. Total of defective sorghum and small kernel sorghum	10,0	10,0	20,0	10,0	20,0
6. Sorghum of another group (Reg 16)	4,0	6,0	10,0	4,0	*
7. White sorghum (Reg 17)	4,0	6,0	*	4,0	*
8. Total of Sorghum of another group and White Sorghum	6,0	10,0	*	6,0	*
9. Weather-Stained Sorghum	50,0	50,0	75,0	50,0	75,0

* No specification

