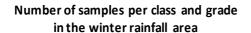
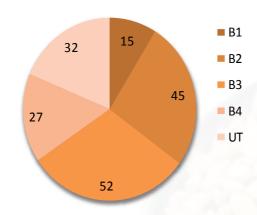
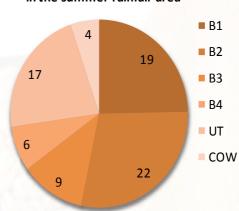
Graph 4: Wheat class and grades per production area

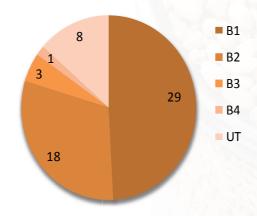




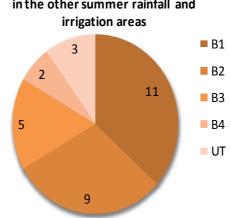
Number of samples per class and grade in the summer rainfall area



Number of samples per class and grade in the irrigation area



Number of samples per class and grade in the other summer rainfall and



## **Cultivars**

In the Western Cape, SST 88 (27.3%), SST 027 (27.0%) and SST 056 (26.7%) dominated the market.

Farmers in the Vaal and Orange River areas preferred SST 835 (28.4%) and SST 843 (24.9%).

The most preferred cultivar in the North West was SST 843 (50.5%) followed by Duzi (23.8%) and SST 835 (17.6%).

In regions 21 to 24 of the Free State SST 835 (40.0%) was the prevalent cultivar by far. Elands dominated regions 25 to 28 (30.2%). SST 356, SST 835 and PAN 3161 were also popular cultivars with 25.7%, 12.8% and 10.1% respectively.

In Mpumalanga, Gauteng, Limpopo and KwaZulu-Natal, Duzi (40.2%) was the dominant cultivar, followed by SST 835 (26.2%) and SST 843 (24.2%).

The above mentioned percentages, are weighted averages based on the top 5 cultivars per region provided on pages 26 to 53. The top 5 cultivars per region were calculated from the cultivar identification done on all 337 crop samples.